The Standard
AND RIVER PLATE NEWS.

No 3,269—Twelfth Year | BUENOS AYRES, SUNDAY, APRIL 13 1873. | Circulation, 3000.

MAUA BANK
101 & 103 CALLE CANGALLO.

The Offices of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious Building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the Public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in currency and specie in this Bank:—

First—Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.

Second—Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities, applied for by the Manager.

Third—[illegible] Exchange [illegible] Checks on other parts of the city may be received depositing [illegible] Bank Notes, Securities, against which may be drawn up to an amount previously [illegible] conditions established for each class of operations.

Fourth—Money is received in account current, bearing interest from day of deposit, which is not credited in favor of the parties every three months, the depositors being allowed to draw [illegible] by ordinary means of checques part of the last [illegible] which, save when the quantity exceeds one hundred thousand dollars, for one hundred thousand dollars currency, in which case forty-eight hours' previous notice is required to be given to the Treasury of the Bank.

Fifth—Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta. Fé, Santo Oriental, Paysandu, Rio Janeiro, and other places in the Brazils, England, and France, as also on other places, of which due notice will be given hereafter.

Finally, the Bank undertakes and executes all legitimate transactions, within the orbit of banking operations.

The Establishment is always open from 10 a.m. till 3 p.m.

P. P. MAUA & CO.
M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM.
January 1st, 1873. cj—jy10 1

MAUA BANK
101-103 CALLE CANGALLO

INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH.
IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE.

For balances in our favor, .. 12 per cent
For balances in favor of Customers 6 „
IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, PAPER MONEY
For balances in our favor .. .. 12 per cent
For balances in favor of Customers 6 „
Deposits on 15 days' notice, paper „
Do. do. do. gold „
Do. 30 days' do. paper
Do. do. do. gold
Fixed deposits from

P. P. Maua & Co.,
M. A. de FREITAS AMORIM.

Royal Mail Steampacket Company

DIRECT AND QUICKEST ROUTE TO EUROPE.

Twice a Month.

The Royal Mail Steamship
"BOYNE"
3318 Tons,
Captain REEKES,
Will leave this Port for Southampton, on the April, 15th 1873, carrying Her Majesty's Mails, &c., and calling at Montevideo, Rio de Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, St. Vincent, and Lisbon.

PASSENGER FARES:

Southampton ...	£35	and upwards	£20	£15
Lisbon	32	do	20	12
St. Vincent	130 fts.		90 fts	50
Pernambuco	120		60	35
Bahia	110		55	30
Rio de Janeiro..	70		35	2:50
Montevideo			4	—

The Royal Mail Steampacket
"TIBER,"
1800 Tons
Capt. A. GILLIE
For Montevideo, Rio, St. Vincent, Lisbon, Cherbourg; Southampton and Antwerp, sailing APRIL 29, 1873.

RATES OF PASSAGE:

	1st.	2d.	3d.
To Southampton.....	£35	£20	£15
Do. Cherbourg.....	36	20	15
Do. Lisbon	32	20	12
Do. Rio Janeiro	£11	£5 10s	£3 13 4
Do. Montevideo.....	£1	12 16s.	

Passengers for PARIS, travelling by this Steamer, will, on their arrival at Cherbourg, be provided by the Purser with a Document, which will enable them to secure Tickets on the Railway to Paris, at a discount of 20 per cent. on the fare.

These Steamers are provided with every accommodation for Passengers, to whom Wine is given to all classes GRATIS.

RETURN TICKETS.

To and from Southampton or Lisbon, available for twelve months; and St. Vincent or Brazil, available for six months, are granted to First-class Passengers, with a deduction of 25 per cent. on Passage Money

FAMILIES

A deduction of one-sixth is made in their favor, when paying the higher rates to Lisbon or Southampton, and when the Passage Money is charged in full, is equal to the amount of four adult, cabin passengers.

CARGO, as per mutual agreement.

INSURANCE on Freight can be effected if advised.

Passengers are requested to be on board before four on the above-named day, as the Steamer will leave precisely at that hour.

The U.S. Mail Steamer "Merrimack," in connection with the above, will sail from Rio on the 26th inst.

For further particulars please apply to
CHARLES WM. BENN and CO.,
Agents,

LONDON, BELGIUM, BRAZIL AND RIVER PLATE STEAMSHIPS.

UNDER POSTAL CONTRACT WITH THE BELGIAN GOVERNMENT.

The names of the Steamers are as follow:
BONITA—GALATEA—LAOYDON, ARIADNE, RHONE.

This Company will despatch a Steamer with Mails every Month for Rio Janeiro, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres.

From London, 27th; Antwerp, 1st; Falmouth, 3rd.

From Buenos Ayres, on the 22d, to Falmouth, Antwerp, and London, Calling at Montevideo.

Passengers, Parcels, and Specie will be landed at Falmouth, and forwarded to London by a special arrangement with the Great Western Railway Company.

Cargo will be received on board, 48 hours after arrival at this port, for London and the Continent, at through rates.

Passage money to Falmouth £35; to Antwerp, £35; to Rio Janeiro, $50 Plate. Freight or Specie one-half per cent. payable here.

The first-class screw Steamship
"RHONE,"
1886 Tons,
Captain COLLIER,
Will be despatched for
ANTWERP and LONDON,
ON
22d APRIL.

All Letters must be taken to the Post-office.

For further particulars apply to the Agents—
WOODGATE, Brothers,
Shipbrokers,
36 San Martin.
17 cj—a6

English School,
RANCHOS.

Mrs. POWELL DE REINOSA

Begs to inform the English-speaking community of Ranchos, that she has opened a

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL

In the Town of Ranchos, where the children entrusted to her charge will receive the rudiments of a sound English Education, with all the comforts of a home.

CHARGES

For Boarders per Month..... $4 0
„ Day Pupils 50

ISABEL POWELL DE REINOSA.
Ranchos, March 22, 1873.
cj—227 1m m23

London and River Plate Bank,
(LIMITED.)

London, Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, Rosario, and Cordoba.

Authorised Capital..... £2,000,000 Sterling
Subscribed Capital..... 1,600,000 „
Reserved Fund 165,000

Offices in Buenos Ayres—
CORNER OF CALLE PIEDAD AND RECONQUISTA.

Current Accounts opened with Commercial Firms and private individuals.

Customers have the advantage of having approved Bills discounted—of obtaining Loans upon Negociable Securities, of Depositing Bills Coupons, &c., for Collection—and of lodging Valuable Property in the Treasury of the Bank for custody.

The Bank receives deposits either at sight, for fixed periods, or at seven or thirty days' notice of withdrawal, Interest on which is regulated by the market value of money, the Bank notifying any change in their Rates, by Advertisement in the principal daily papers.

Letters of Credit issued to parties travelling abroad.

Letters of Credit issued to parties for the purpose of purchasing Goods in Europe, the United States, &c., the terms of which can be ascertained on application to the Bank.

Parties wishing to bring out funds to the River Plate, can do so through the medium of the Bank's chief office,
No. 40 MOORGATE-STREET, LONDON, E.C.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE
Issued and Purchased on the following places:—

Montevideo,	Antwerp,
Rosario de Santa Fé,	Amsterdam,
Cordoba,	Hamburg,
Valparaiso,	New York.
London,	Rio de Janeiro,
Liverpool,	Genoa.

All the principal Towns of
SCOTLAND and IRELAND.

Paris,	Madrid,
Bordeaux,	Barcelona,
Marseilles,	Vigo,
Bayonne,	Corunna,
Cadiz,	Santander,
Naples,	Bilbao.
	Havre.

G. E. MASCHWITZ—J. E. NAYLOR,
MANAGERS. 4

London and River Plate Bank
(LIMITED)
CALLE DE LA PIEDAD.
(Corner of Calle de la Reconquista.)

The rates of interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows, till further notice:

ALLOWED.

On deposits in both currencies inaccount current, } 3 per cent
On do., subject to seven days' notice of withdrawal } 3½ „
On do. do. for 90 days fixed, 5
On do. do. subject to 30 days notice of withdrawal, } 5 „

CHARGED.

For Discounts conventional according to circumstances.
On debit balances in account current in both currencies, } 9 per cent
G. E. MASCHWITZ—J. E. NAYLOR.
Buenos Ayres, June 1, 1872. 5

BANCO DE ITALIA Y Rio de la Plata.

74—CALLE PIEDAD—74

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL,
$1,500,000.

This is divided into 15,000 Shares.

Board of Directors:
J. SE PIAGGIO.
AGILES MAVEROFF,
ANTONIO DEVOTO,
PABLO MARENGO,
MARCOS DEMARCHI,
NICOLAS SCHIAFFINO,
BARTOLOME VIALE.

Until further notice the rates of Interest will be as follows:—

ALLOWS
Account current, 5 per Cent.
Fixed periods, conventional terms.

CHARGES
Account current, 10 per cent.
Discounts, Promissory Notes, and other documents—conventional.

BILLS AND LETTERS OF CREDIT
Issued on London, France, Belgium, and all the chief Cities of Italy.

BANKING HOURS
From Ten to Four p.m., and until Five on Saturdays.
Buenos Ayres, August 18, 1872.
S. POLLININI,
Manager.
6 185 h.. x pag 20

Ferruginous Gin
COMPOSED OF THE FINEST TONIC INGREDIENTS
SUCH AS
QUININE
BY
J. FERD. NAGEL, HAMBURG,
INVENTOR AND SOLE MANUFACTURER OF THE FERRUGINOUS GIN.

Sole Agents.
SIEVERS & MEYER
33 Calle Piedad 33.
Buenos Ayres.

ON SALE AT
Cranwell and Murray's,
L. L. Jones and Co.,
Torres and Barton,
John Eastman and Sons,
R. Simmermacker,
A. Demarchi, Hnos.,
And all the chief Boticas.

Ferruginous Gin.
ANALYSIS
BY
Professor Kyle.

The Iron exists in the form of a protosalt, one fluid ounce of the Gin containing 3-10ths of a grain of Protoxide of Iron. The Ferruginous Gin may therefore take its place amongst chalybeate preparations, and be employed with advantage where the administration of a tonic alcoholic stimulant is indicated.
National College, 31st May, 1872.
JOHN J. J. KYLE.
21 ci—ag2

C. H. Twyford & Co.
FAMILY GROCERS
AND
TEA DEALERS,
102—Calle Piedad 102

Beg to Call the attention of the Public to the Articles which are always to be had at their Stores.

Coffee roasted and ground daily on the premises.
Goods guaranteed and delivered free of chp 30 in the city.
659 o..10

MRS. RICHARDSON

BEG those who have so kindly patronised heretofore would please pass and see her winter hats and bonnets.
Calle Peru 143.
1 346 1m m27

Deutsch, Belgische La Plata Bank.

Cologn & Buenos-Ayres

Authorised Capital: Prussian Silver Thalers..... 20,000,000
Subscribed Capital: Prussian Silver Thalers..... 10,000,000

Offices in Buenos Ayres,
20—CALLE FLORIDA—20

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with commercial firms and private individuals.
MONEY RECEIVED on fixed deposit at conventional rates.
BILLS DISCOUNTED at conventional rates.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased at current rates.
DRAFTS issued on the following places—

Montevideo	Bremen
Rio de Janeiro	Paris
New York	Amsterdam
London	Antwerp
Berlin	Genoa
Cologn	Madrid
Hamburg	Lisbon

and all the principal places of commerce on the Continent of Europe.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available for purchase of merchandize in all parts of the world on terms to be ascertained on application to the Bank.

W. MOLL, M. CASSEL
MANAGERS.
26 e—336 xp. o3.1

Deutsch-Belgische La Plata Bank.

From the 1st of December and till further Notice the rate of Interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows—

Interest Allowed.

On Deposits in Account Current, in both Currencies, 3 per cent. per annum.
On a fixed term:—

At 30 days.....	3½ per cent.
„ 60 days.....	4 „
„ 90 days	5 „

At longer dates at conventional rates.

Interest Charged.

On Debit Balances in Account Current in both currencies, 9 per cent.
For Discounts—Conventional according to circumstances.
Bank hours from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., and on Saturdays to 5 p.m.

W. Moll, M. Cassel.
Managers.
cj | 261 5p n26

Caja de Credito Hipotecario.

Founded May 16th.

OFFICES:
25—CALLE SAN MARTIN—25

Hours from 10 to 4 p.m.

Consulting Lawyers and Examiners of Titles.
Dr. MIGUEL ESTEVES SEGUI,
„ JOSE MARIA NUNEZ.

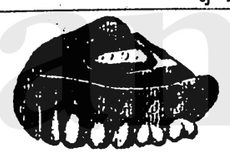
Allows in Account Current.. 5 p% per an
„ On Deposits, 3 months.. 7 „
„ „ 6 „ 8 „
„ „ 12 „ 9 „

Advances on Mortgages at conventional rates

Charges on Advances 12 p%.

Draughts on all the chief markets of Europe.

Goods bought on Commission, and Credits arranged at very small charge.
Buenos Ayres, December 4, 1872.
P. de MONTRAVEL, Manager.
cj—m26



RALPH NEWBERY AND GEO. A. KIMBALL.
American Dentists.

Formerly of NEW YORK, and for the past Two Years well-known of MONTEVIDEO, have OPENED an Office at

108 CALLE MAIPU

With the well-known Dentist, TOMAS COQUET, where they perform all Dental Operations in the most skilful manner possible.

FILLING TEETH WITH GOLD,
(A Speciality.)

The superiority of their Artificial Tooth for usefulness, Durability, and Natural Appearance are well-known by the many people who have had work done by them in Montevideo.

THIRTEEN YEARS'
Practical experience with Nitrous Oxide Gas, for the Extraction of Teeth
WITHOUT PAIN.

Our long experience in the Profession is a sufficient Guarantee to the Public.

Office Hour
FROM SEVEN A.M. TO FIVE P.M.
cj—100 xp m5

BOOKS BOOKS.

CHEAP NOVELS—The Dead Secret by Wilkie Collins 4p, Sister Rose do 2p, Marie Antoinette by Dumas 4p, The Chevalier D'Harmental do 4p, Sixty Years Later, or the Taking of the Bastile by do 8p, Harry Lorrequer by Lever 4p, Lord Kilgobbin do 8p, Davenport Dunn do 5, Percy Effingham by H Cockton 4p, Arthur Arundel 2p. The Bravo 2p; Look to the End by Mrs Gore 4p, Peers and Parvenus do 4p, Safia by Beauvoir 4p, The Golden Lyon of Granpere by Anthony Trollope 5, The Cleverings do 4, The Swiss Family Robinson 2, Elsie Venner by Holmes 5, Twelve Romances of the Sea and Tales of the Buccaneers 3, Five Lea Novels 3, Life in London by G W M Reynolds 12.

103—POTOSI—103
e | 85 10p 10a.

ENGLISH & FOREIGN
Books and Periodicals

MESSRS. JACOBSEN & SODERSTEDT beg to inform the public in town and camp that they supply all English and Foreign Books and Periodicals on most moderate, and for Provincial Traders and Libraries in the country also most liberal terms.

All standard and popular English and foreign works constantly kept on hand.

Weekly parcels received from England and the European Continent by mail steamers.

Orders punctually attended to and periodicals supplied with the utmost speed and regularity.

CATALOGUES
Gratis on Application.

Libreria Europea
178 FLORIDA 178
1 77 3p a10

THE
COMMERCIAL BANK OF THE RIVER PLATE,
London, (Limited) Buenos Ayres, and Montevideo.

STATUTES APPROVED, OCTOBER 26, 1872.

The Statutes of this Bank having been duly approved by the Chambers and the Government, the Public are hereby informed that the Business hitherto carried on in the name of WANKLYN and CO., will henceforth be continued in that of "THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF THE RIVER PLATE, LIMITED."

All Cheques, and other Documents still existing in the name of "Wanklyn and Co.," will be considered as equally valid with those of the new Bank

F. WANKLYN,
Managing Director.

Buenos Ayres, January 1, 1873.

Messrs. Wanklyn and Co. take this opportunity to thank the Public for the liberal share of support accorded to them in the past, and to request a continuance of favors for the new Establishment.

THE
COMMERCIAL BANK OF THE RIVER PLATE.
(Limited.)

No. 85---Reconquista---No. 85

Authorized Capital....£1,500,000 stg.
Subscribed Capital.... 1,000,000 "

Directors in Buenos Ayres.

Samuel B. Hale, Esq.
Ambrosio P. Lerica, Esq.
Charles P. Lumb, Esq.
A. Ure Mackinlay, Esq.
Norberto de la Riestra, Esq.
} Directors.
Frederic Wanklyn, Esq., Managing Director

From this date until further notice, Interest will be allowed:—

In account current	4 per cent.
At 7 days' notice.....	5 „
For 60 days fixed.....	6½ „
„ 90 „ „	6 „

Bills discounted at conventional rates.
Bills of Exchange purchased at current rates.
Bills of Exchange issued on London and other parts of England, all the branches of the National Bank in Ireland and of the British Linen Company Bank in Scotland; on Paris, Bordeaux, Antwerp, Genoa, Berlin, Hamburg, Amsterdam, Madrid, and all the branches of the Bank of Castile, Lisbon, Oporto, Genova, New York, Montreal, and all the branches of the Bank of Montreal, Bombay, and all the Branches of the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, and also on all the principal cities of Europe, &c.
Circular Notes issued to travellers.
Letters of Credit issued on the Head Office in London, and on Paris, Antwerp, Genoa, New York, &c. Commission charged only on the amount used.
Letters of Credit, payable here at the current rate of Exchange, can be obtained by persons desiring to remit or bring money to this country from the Head Office in London; from the National Bank in Ireland, and from the other agents of the Bank.
A complete list of Agents may be seen at the office.

F. WANKLYN,
Managing Director.
B. Ayres, January 1st. 1873.
1 jan 1

Carabassa's Bank
127—CALLE CANGREJO—127

From this date the rate of Interest will be as follows:—

ALLOWS

In Account Current.....	5	per cent. per an.
On a fixed term 30 days..	6	„ „
„ „ 60	5½	„ „
„ „ 90	6	„ „

At longer dates at conventional rates.

CHARGES
For Balances in Account Current, 10 per cent. per annum.
Bills and Pagarés discounted at conventional rates.

Bank hours from Ten a.m. to Four p.m., and on Saturdays to Five p.m.
Bills drawn and taken on London, Paris, Bordeaux, and Genoa.
Buenos Ayres, May 31, 1872
9 JOSE CARABASSA.

Banco Hipotecario.

Se previene a los deudores hipotecarios que los dias 8 al 15 del presente, estan señalados en los contratos para verificar el pago del trimestre de las Cedulas Serie A y A; pasado cuyo termino incurriran en la multa designada en el Art 31 de la ley organica del Banco.
B. Ayres Abril 3 de 1873.
JOSE M. LA FUENTE.
Secretario
cj | 34 12p 5a

RIVER PLATE TELEGRAPH COMPANY

NOTICE.

Buenos Ayres AND Montevideo Tariff FOR TELEGRAMS.

10 Words, exclusive of Addresses: 1.00f. or $25 m|c.

Every additional 10 Words: 0.50f. or $13 m|c.

Arrangements having been made for the Transmission of Telegrams to all parts of Europe, the United States, Asia, Australia, &c. Messages are now received at the

COMPANY'S OFFICES,

and posted at Montevideo for the Lisbon Submarine Line.

Particulars of CHARGES, &c., may be obtained at the Company's Stations.

JOHN OLDHAM,
Manager.
cj—90 1m jy4

Editors' Table.

How oft as I read the Editors' Table
With its laughing philosophy, brilliant and able;
Each sentence so pithy, and sparkingly witty,
That often I said 'caramba,' what a pity,
We haven't more of it in Buenos Ayres city.

Some unco gude people though they laugh, at the chaff,
Still grumblingly say 'tis too, clever by half;
Yet each skit, has point with the wit—
And as with good humour, each folly is hit,
It teaches a truth, though our sides nearly split.

But though I were to write by the hour,
I could only say—to your elbow-more power,
May your shadow never be less, yet confess;
We'd like you the more, not a thrawneen the less,
If you gave a hint, about Rodgers' dress.

RODGERS BAKER & CO.
ENGLISH TAILORS,
43 San Martin 43
1 76 xp a10

ARGENTINE BANK.
31, 33, and 35 San Martin.

BANKING HOURS FROM 10 A.M. TO 4 P.M

PRESIDENT:
BERNARDO YRIGOYEN.
DIRECTOR-GENERAL:
D. ANACARSIS LANUS.

The rate of interest from the 1st FEBRUARY until further notice will be—

ALLOWS.

On account current, .. 5 per cent. per annum
Ninety days' notice, .. 6½ „ „
At six months .. 6 „ „

CHARGES
On specie and currency 10 „ „ „
Money advanced on current account.
Bills and pagares discounted on conventional terms.

SAVINGS' BANK
Open from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.
On specie and currency. 6 per cent. per annum.
MARCO DEL PONT.
Manager.
Buenos Ayres, Jan. 30 1873.
cj—1873. xp6m 16

Advances.

LIBERAL ADVANCES
Made on Consignments of Produce to the United States of North America, Belgium, England, and South of Germany, by
ALFREDO JONAS & CO.,
161½ CALLE CANGALLO.

Wool-growers wishing to enjoy the full price of their product in the European or American markets, will find it greatly to their advantage to apply to
ALFREDO JONAS & CO.
161½—Calle Cangallo—161½
cj—14½ xp o15 41

GOVERNMENT MORTGAGE BANK

Offices—111 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

This Bank will be open to the Public on all business days from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.
It advances on real estate to be repaid at long dates.
It pays Mortgage Certificates (Cedulas Hipotecarios) for the amount of the loan it advances, which bear an interest equal to that collected by the Bank.
The value of property offered in mortgage shall not be under two thousand patacons, nor the loan be less than 500 duros.
No loan can exceed half the value of the property mortgaged.
The Mortgagor shall bind himself to pay an annual sum so long as the mortgage lasts, said sum to represent the interest on the sum lent the amortisation fund and commission to the Bank. This yearly sum shall be paid quarterly or half-yearly.

Series A—Quarterly.
Mortgage for 20 years 117 days, 8 per cent. interest, 2 per cent. amortization, and 1 per cent. commission.

Series B—Quarterly.
Mortgage for 27 years 270 days; 8 per cent. interest, 1 per cent. amortization, and 1 per cent. commission.

Series C—Half-yearly.
Mortgage for 20 years 190 days; 8 per cent. interest, 2 per cent. amortization, and 1 per cent. commission.

Series D—Half-yearly.
Mortgage for 28 years 5 days; 8 per cent interest, 1 per cent. amortization, and 1 per cent commission.

Upon the full payment of the yearly sums stipulated in the Mortgage, both property and Mortgagor shall be freed from all further obligation.
The Mortgagor shall be at liberty to anticipate the payments and to discharge the mortgage, all or in part.
Applications for mortgages must be made in writing, specifying the property offered, accompanied by the title deeds, the receipts of the Contribucion Directa tax, and setting forth that the property is free from all incumbrance, or if not the incumbrance that exists thereon, and which is to be paid off by the mortgage. The Secretary of the bank will supply applicants with the forms necessary, as also the tables for amortization.
Quarterly mortgagers shall pay from 8th to 15th of each January, April, July and October, and half yearly mortgagors shall pay between the 8th and 15th of each January and July.
With the amortization fund, mortgage certificates (cedulas) shall be redeemed at par by quarterly and half yearly drawings.
The mortgage Bank pays the interest on the quarterly cedulas or mortgage certificates between the 31st December and 6th January, the 31st March and 6th April, the 30th June and 6th July, the 30th September and 6th October every year, and on the half yearly cedulas from the 31st December to 6th January, and from 30th June to 6th July.
The Mortgage Bank can act between the capitalist and mortgagor, free of charge in the way of realizing the cedulas, and for this purpose will receive deposits without interest, which will receive a preference, and which sums will be deposited in the Provincial Bank.
On and after the 15th February 1872 the Mortgage Bank will be open to the public.
Jose M. La Fuente,
Secretary.
111—CALLE SAN MARTIN—111
1—xp f7 12

Wm. Paats & Co.

Cognac Charchy & Co.
Superior to any other brand introduced into this market.

Real Hollands
Herman van Houten, finest Mark of Gin.

DORDMUND BEER.
HAGERBEER.
Of the Hamburg Actien Brauerei.

BORDEAUX WINES
Brand, A Lalande & Co. from $150 upwards.

Bordeaux Wines
A Geisneiler and fils. Nuits.

GINGER
Chyloong Canton.

BISCUITS
Huntley & Palmers, London.

Java Coffee

Wm. Paats and Co.
e | m18.

BRANDY

Hennessy's Celebrated
One, two, three stars and V O classes.

WINES.

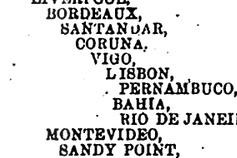
Sandeman's well known Sherry and Port.
In Casks and Cases of one and two dozen.

Champagne,

AYALA'S WELL KNOWN BRAND
In Cases of one dozen quarts and two dozen pints.

GEORGE BROWNELL & Co.
Sole Agents
11—*Calle Maipu*—11.
e | 319 1m 21m.

P.S.N.C.



WEEKLY SAILINGS.

PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

LIVERPOOL AND VALPARAISO LINE.

The following (or other) Steamers are appointed to sail, as under, from MONTEVIDEO, as under in APRIL
FOR
The Pacific.

Steamer.	To arrive.	To sail.
LUSITANIA	„ 8	„ 9th April
CALDERA	„ 14	„ 15
ILLIMANI	„ 22	„ 23
ACONCAGUA ..	„ 28	„ 29

The Steamers 1 and 3 touch in Callao, Valparaiso, Coronel, Punta Arenas, Montevideo, Rio Janeyro, Lisbon, Bourdeaux, and Liverpool.
Nos. 2 and 4 touch at Callao, Valparaiso, Coronel, Punta Arenas, Montevideo, Rio Janeyro, Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, and Liverpool.
Nos 5 and 7 touch at Liverpool, Bourdeaux, Vigo, Lisbon, Pernambuco, Bahia, Rio, Janeyro, Montevideo, Punta Arenas, Coronel, Valparaiso, Arica, Islay, and Callao
Nos. 6 and 8 call at Liverpool, Bordeaux, (No. 8 at Santander), (No 6 at Corunna), Lisbon, Rio Janeyro, Montevideo, Punta Arenas, Coronel, Valparaiso, and Callao.

For Europe.

Steamer.	To arrive.	To sail.
SOATA.....	April 6	April 7
CHIMBORAZO.....	„ 13	14
MAGELLAN.....	„ 20	21
PATAGONIA	„ 27	28

The Ports at which the Steamers touch are—
LIVERPOOL,
BORDEAUX,
SANTANDAR,
CORUNA,
VIGO,
LISBON,
PERNAMBUCO,
BAHIA,
RIO DE JANEIRO,
MONTEVIDEO,
SANDY POINT,
CORONEL,
VALPARAISO,
ARICA,
ISLAY,
CALLAO.

PRICES OF PASSAGES FROM BUENOS AYRES.

To	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class
Rio Janeiro	£12	£ 6	£ 4
Bahia	20	6	10
Pernambuco	22	11	7
Lisbon	32	20	12
Bordeaux	35	20	14
Liverpool.....	35	20	15
Sandy Point	20	15	8
Valparaiso	40	30	15
Arico and Islay..	45	34	18
Callao	50	38	20

Children, under 12 years, half fare under 8 years quarter fare, and one child of a family under 3 years, free.
Return Tickets, available for One Year, with 24 per cent. discount.
A large reduction made to Theatrical and other Companies.
Table Wine supplied to all Passengers.
Freight on Specie at conventional rates.

For full particulars apply to the Agents—
YARROW, HETT, and CO.,
63——CALLE RECONQUISTA——63
BUENOS AYRES,
20 cj—a5

DONALDSON BROTHERS.
CLYDE LINE OF STEAMERS
TO
BRAZIL AND THE RIVER PLATE.

ASTARTE — 1360 Tons Reg.—Captain BLAIR
MARINA — 1361 „ „ „ GIBB.
COLINA — 1000 „ „ „ MARR.
CYBELE — 2000 „ „ „ Building

Calling at SOUTHAMPTON to land Passengers, Specie, and Parcels.

The splendid new Screw Steamer
COLINA,
Highest Class at Lloyds,
Sails on the 15th APRIL for Antwerp, Liverpool, and Glasgow direct,
Without Touching at Rio.
(Calling at Montevideo)

This steamer has been fitted out with all the latest improvements. The cabins are elegant and spacious, every regard having been given for the comfort of passengers, who will find this a splendid opportunity to travel by.
Cargo will be received on board 48 hours after arrival at this Port for Liverpool and the Continent, at through rates.
Passage Money to Liverpool or Antwerp £16.
Freight on specie one-half per cent., payable here.
She has room for a limited number of SECOND-CLASS PASSENGERS at £25.

Carrying also Surgeons and Stewardesses.

For further particulars apply to the Agents
WOODGATE, Brothers, Shipbrokers,
No. 36 Calle San Martin.
18 cj—m27

THE RIVER PARANA STEAMSHIP COMPANY (LIMITED)

VANGUARD, OLGA, ARGENTINO.

The first-class well-known screw steamship
"ARGENTINO,"
1446 Tons,
Is the next Steamer sailing from
LIVERPOOL,
The 10th MARCH,
And will be despatched for
LIVERPOOL and ANTWERP.
On her return from Rosario, calling at Montevideo.

These Steamers have been specially built for this Trade, and are fitted with every modern improvement, having accommodation of the best description for passengers.
For further particulars apply to the Agents, Messrs. C J. SHAW and CO.;
Or to the Brokers,
WOODGATE, Brothers, 36 Calle San Martin.
9 cj—m25

THE FAMILY GROCERY STORE,
60—CALLE SAN MARTIN—60
(Opposite the Provincial Bank.)
The great er part of our Stock is renewed semmonthly by importations, direct per Steamer especially for this Establishment.
Every Article warranted.
xp10 5

GERMAN BURMEISTER,
consignatario de Frutos del Pais
Wool and Produce Broker
106—CALLE VENEZUELA—106
42

LIVERPOOL, BRAZIL, AND RIVER PLATE STEAMERS.

Messrs LAMPORT & HOLT'S LINE

The Steamship
"HIPPARCHUS,"
1844 Tons,
MILLER, Commander,
Will be despatched for
LIVERPOOL,
AND
ANTWERP,
ON
22nd APRIL,
Passengers, Specie, Mails, &c., landed at Southampton.

The Steamship
"PTOLEMY,"
1115 Tons,
JAXLEY, Commander,
Will on her return from Rosario and San Nicolas, be despatched for
ANTWERP and LIVERPOOL,
ON
25th APRIL,
(Landing Passengers, Specie, &c. at Southampton.)

Cargo will be received on board until noon on the day of sailing.
Specie and Parcels will be received at the Office of the Agents on the same day.
These Steamers are replete with every comfort, and carry Surgeons and Stewardesses.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

Liverpool 1st Class	£35
London do	35
Southampton do	35
Antwerp do	35
Rio Janeyro do	$f. 60
Lisbon do	$f. 150
Liverpool 3d Class	£16
London do	16
Southampton do	16
Antwerp do	16
Rio Janeyro do	$f. 26
Lisbon do	$ f59.80

First-class Return Tickets are issued (with a reduction of 25 per cent., available for 12 months

PRE-PAID PASSAGES
Are issued to parties wishing to bring out their friends from England, at the following rates:

1st Class	£32
3d do.....	14

Apply to the Agents—
H. A. GREEN & CO.,
or to the Brokers,
GREEN, LE ROSSIGNOL & CO.,
62 and 64 Reconquista.
cj—50 10p a8

Cantera Portena.

MANUFACTURE OF ARTIFICIAL STONES.

PASEO COLON.

[Between Calles Brazil and Garay.]

JOINT-STOCK COMPANY.

UBBELOHDE AND CO

FLAG STONES
[All sizes and colors—for Patios and Side Walks—Kerb Stones.

BROCALS FOR ALGIBES.
Pipes for Water Works, Street Gutters, Scullery Furnishings, Horse and Sheep Troughs, Marble Baths, Window and Door Trimmings, Tomb-stones and Monuments, Steps for Staircases, &c., always on hand.
Special Orders will be attended to with promptitude and despatch.

H. MOJET,
MANAGER.
cj—383 xp jy 23

New Family Grocery
89½ CANGALLO 89½

Opposite Fusoni's Maveroff & Co.

McCLEAN MOORE & CO.

GUINNESS'S STOUT,
Bottled by BURKE.

BASS'S ALE,
In Pints and Quarts.

JUST RECEIVED,
FINE TEAS,
In 6, 12, and 20lb Boxes.

FRESH BUTTER twice a week.

GROUND COFFEE every morning.

All articles warranted and sent Free of Charge.

89½ CALLE CANGALLO 89½
cj—18 8p a4

Athletic Sports.

THE
Autumn Meeting
Will be held at
PALERMO
ON
THURSDAY, MAY 22, 1873.

The following is the programme, subject to alterations:—

High Jump Standing
„ Running
Length Jump Running.
Throwing the Cricket Ball.
„ Hammer
Putting the Shot
Pole Leaping
Vaulting
Hurdle Race, 120 yards, 10 flights, 3 ft. in
Flat Race, 100 yards
„ 200
„ 300, open to all comers,
„ 400
„ 880
„ 1760
„ 300, Youths under 18
„ 150, Boys under 16
Steeple-chase, 1000 yards.

Entries can be made at Messrs. Mackern Bros. 44 Calle San Martin, up to 7 p.m on Saturday 17th May.
Competitors are requested to make themselves acquainted with the Rules and Bye-laws of the Society.
h 282 2m m 18

A los Orientales.

La Comision encargada de reunir el óbolo de familia que destinan los Orientales a los que sufren en Montevideo los rigores de la epidemia reinante hacen saber a sus compatriotas que en la Calle de la Piedad No. 216 se reciben las donaciones para tan noble proposito.
Buenos Ayres, 7 de Abril, 1873.
MARCELINO MESQUITA,
JAIME CIBILS Y BUXAREO,
ANDRES F. LAMAS.
5 71 6p a9

IMPROVED PIANOS.

Constructed especially for this climate, guaranteed to be of the finest tone, and finished in the most elegant style,

157—CALLE FLORIDA—157
151 xp. 19

RODGERS, BAKER AND CO.

ENGLISH TAILORS.

43—SAN MARTIN—43
cj—67 1m a9

New Advertisements.

LIFE'S VALUE DOUBLED.—With a disordered stomach, physical and mental enjoyment are alike impossible. Every other organ sympathises with the great feeder of the system, and the mind becomes gloomy, irritable, and enfeebled. No change for the better is possible until the interrupted functions of digestion have been restored and regulated, and Brist l's Sugar-coated Pills, acting directly upon the stomach, the bowels, and the liver, arrest their morbid action and reinfuse life into them the vigor of which disease has deprived them. Purgation and invigoration go on simultaneously, the appetite improves, the spirits brighten, and life, which is literally a burden to the dyspeptic, becomes once more enjoyable. The sugar-coating prevents the possibility of contact between the palate and the substance of the pills, and makes them agreeable to take. cj—a 13

Teatro de la Opera.

FUNCION EXTRAORDINARIA.

DOMINGO, 13 DE ABRIL,

EL TROVADOR

PRECIOS

Palcos	$300
Tertulias de Balcan	70
Id Altas de Orquesta	50
Lunetas	30
Palquitos de Cazuela	150
Cazuela	15
Entrada de Id	10
Entrada General	50

cj—a10

Victoria Theatre.

Compagnie Dramatique Francaise.

Under the Direction of
Messrs. BRIZARD et ROMEAL.

LUNDI 14 AVRIL 1873.

LES INUTILES.

BOX OFFICE open from Noon till Four p.m

PRICES:

Palcos	$150
Tertulias	25
Luneta	20
Cazuela	10

ENTRADA GENERAL—$ 10.
—cj |

For Southampton Direct

NOT TOUCHING AT RIO.

MESSRS. LAMPORT AND HOLT'S LINE.

The Steamship
"HIPPARCHUS,"
1840 Tons.
MILLER, Commander,
Will leave for
SOUTHAMPTON,
ANTWERP
AND
LIVERPOOL,
Without touching at Rio de Janeiro.
On TUESDAY, 22d APRIL.

RATES OF PASSAGA MONEY.
1st Class—$45 sterling.

Apply to the Agents—
HENRY A. GREEN and CO.;
or to the Brokers,
GREEN, LE ROSSIGNOL, and CO.,
62 and 64 Reconquista.
cj—101 px a13

WATSON'S NEW HOTEL.

BELGRANO.

(Only four Squares from the Station.

Easter Sunday's
BREAKFASTS & DINNERS.

OX-TAIL AAND PEA-SOUPS.

OX TAILS & PEA SOUPS.

FISH—Lobster Sauce.

LAMB-CUTLETS—GREEN PEAS.

Partridges—Bread Sauce.

Pidgeon Pie.

Pork Chops—Apple Sauce.

CHICKENS—Parsley Butter.

Tripe and Toast.

STUFFED TURKEYS.

CHICKENS.

SUCKING PIG—Sage and Onions.

GOOSE—Apple Sauce.

SADDLE MUTTON—Currant Jelly.

ROAST BEEF—Horse Radishes

PLUM PUDDING—MINCE PIES.

FRUITS, &c.

The "HOTEL"
Is alongside the New Church, in the Plaza.

Carriages always at the Station, by every Train.
ci—67 1p a13

ENGLISH CHURCH SERVICES

APRIL 13.

EASTER DAY.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.

Morning Prayer ..... 11 a.m.
Holy Communion ..... 11 a.m.
Evening Prayer ..... 7 p.m.
FLORES CHAPEL OF EASE.
Divine Service ..... 3 p.m.
BARRACAS INSTITUTE.
Divine Service ..... 7 p.m.
TRINITY CHURCH, LOMAS DE ZAMORA
Divine Service ..... 3 45 p.m.

MAN AND WIFE.

WANTED, a man and wife without children, by a family living in a small quinta in San Jose de Flores; the man to care a garden and do general out-door work, the woman to cook. Two other female servants kept. To a couple bringing good recommendations liberal wages will be paid. English preferred.
Apply at 92, Calle Rivadavia.
d 99 6p a13

WANTED, a situation as Footman in an English family, by a man who has had much practice. Apply at 21, Cuyo Lines.
d 96 6p a13

WANTED—A Maid Servant to accompany a family to Europe. Free passage. Chacabuco 13. From 10 to 4.
n..90 3p a 13

River Plate Telegraph Company.

Latest Telegrams

For Transmission to
BRAZIL, NORTH AMERICA, AND EUROPE,
Per Steamer "BOYNE," up to the 16th APRIL,
Will be received at the Buenos Ayres Office.
CALLE RECONQUISTA,
63.
cj—a13

Gt. Southern Railway.

NOTICE,

All Ordinary to and fro Tickets issued on Thursday and following days will be available for return on any day up to and including Monday next.
7th April, 1873.
THE ADMINISTRATION.
cj..64 6 p a 9

COLEGIO INGLES.

The Holy Week Vacation will commence on Wednesday, 9th, and end on Tuesday, 15th Instant.
W. D. JUNOR.
cj..66 3 p a 9

NOVELTIES

MADAME LAFORQUE
ADVICES
HER LADY FRIENDS
that
She is in the receipt
of
A LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
WINTER NOVELTIES
COMPRISING
HATS
BONNETS
DRESSES
&C., &C.

129 SAN MARTIN 129
cj..70 15p a9

MONTEVIDEO.

ENGLISH SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

222——CALLE DE SAN JOSE——222

CONDUCTED BY
The Misses HOSKIN,

Assisted by Competent Masters.
(See Prospectus.)

The house is large with well-ventilated rooms, and is pleasantly situated in one of the healthiest parts of the town.
Boarders will have the use of a good bath-room, with shower and douce baths, and of an English garden and exercise ground.
Constant attention will be given to the moral welfare and home comforts of the Pupils.
For terms, which can be had on application.
cj—336 3m f23

On Sale
At 37 Reconquista.

The Bank of England golt	$60
Stuart Mills Principles of Political Economy	35
Men of the Time by Walford	50
Antiquity of Intellectual Man by Piazzi Smith	50
Carlyle's Essays Complete	40
Waverley Novel, Complete in 5 vol.	175
Wiseman's Lectures on Science and Revealed Religion	25
Darwin's Origin of Species	30
Cyclopedic Scienc Simplified by Prof. Pepper	50
Herschel's Physical Geography	40
Do. Meteorology	25
Do The Telescope	20
Helps's Spanish Conquest in America 3 Vols	60
De Tuncy's Confessions of an English Opium Eater with portrait	25
Byron's Works, Complete, Calf	30
Shakespeare's Works do do	30
McAuley's England, 4 vols	80

Just received 300 New Novels which will be sold at a great reduction upon the publishers prices.

2.000 Vols, of new Novels in stock.

37—RECONQUISTA—37
c—162 3p 13a,

TELEGRAMA.

HOY, DOMINGO a la 1. Calle Real de Flores, rematara Gran Terreno, distante cuadra y media de A magro, 36 va de frente por 80. Se solicita en el una barraca, o bien almacenes, redituria mas de treinta mil pesos mensuales.
Otro terreno, de 35 por 70 en la manzana del Sor A magro, se rematara en uno o en tres lotes.
Estos remates son por Don Carlos Retorini.
d 98 1p a13

BARRACA DEL OMBU.

244—CALLE CHILE—244

TO LET, the above Barraca Corrugated, 40 by 70, with Galpones, Escritorio, &c.
Apply at 378 Buen Orden.
cj..100 8p a13

SUNDAY,

FOR Concordia and Argentino Ports, at 10 o'clock, the English steamer IRIS.
Agency—Reconquista, 99 and 99½.
—cj

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE STANDARD

DAILY, per Month	$30
WEEKLY	20
PACKET EDITION, single copy	2
Do Do. mailed from Office, including postage (per an.)	£2
Advertisements per line per day,	$1
Do WEEKLY, one insertion,	5
Do. Permanent, at conventional rates.	

"Standard" Office, January 1st, 1869.

ALL ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS, under $100 m/c, must be paid CASH.

The Standard.

"Nihil audeam nisi vera non audeam dicere."
CICERO.

SUNDAY, APRIL 13, 1873.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS to the "STANDARD"

CHILIAN TELEGRAM.

STANDARD Agency.
Valparaiso, April 10th, 1873.

Elections Congresales favor of Government. Greatest order prevails.
Numerous meetings.
Literary Academy opened.
Puget Sound, Oregon.
Cardiff. Fiducia Ligori.
London, St. George.
Singapore, Ensign.
Glasgow, Colorado.
Boston, Quintero.
Quebec, G. M. Barnew.
New York, Happy.
Buenos Ayres, Scomtid.
Hamburg, Memphis.
Swansea, Glenwapon.
Falkland Islands, Hebe, war vessel; Frances Liverpool, Spirit of the morning, Chimborazo Magellan, Marnies Loch Leven Castle.
Falmouth, Maria Scamnoz.
Hamburg, Sakkaras.
Rio Grande, Domitila.
England, Eveline, Louisa Georgia.
Villa Maria, 11th.

Transandine line interrupted between Mendoza and Cordillera close to Mendoza, will be repaired in a few hours, but not before leaving of train.

The Hipparchus' Mails.

The fine Lamport and Holt steamer Hipparchus, Captain Miller, entered port yesterday, after a capital run out. She touched at Madeira, where a steamer from Lisbon had just arrived, and with Lisbon papers of the 17th March.

We are indebted to Captain Miller for his great attention in boarding the Lisbon steamer and obtaining for us the *Diario do Noticias* of Lisbon, dated 17th March (St. Patrick's Day), being the latest in the River Plate, and beating the La France in a news point by two days.

The Hipparchus brings a full cargo and the following passengers:—

Mr. Thomas Gibson, Mr. G. Napp, Mrs. Napp and three Misses Napp; E. Spohr, E. Petrie, Alfred Vere.

Lisbon, St. Patrick's day, March 17th 1873.

A telegram from Berlin announces that all the great European powers are determined to protect Portugal against all eventualities; strong move in Spain to republicanize Portugal.

The Lisbon Lazzareto is full, and on 18th March the following passengers to be liberated from quarantine—

46 persons per Senegal.

On 19th 65 passengers per Aconcagua.

And 27 per steamer La Plata.

Telegrams from Madrid announce numerous arrests and great fear of anarchy in city.

On 16th. Great rejoicing at Madrid at defeat of Carlists in Grenada and other provinces.

Telegrams from India are unfavorable the 'Salteadores' continue sacking houses &c.

On 16th. in Paris the official paper between France and Germany published, setting forth payments of the fifth milliard.

On 5 June.

On 5 July.

On 5 August.

On 5 September.

And the 4 departments including Belfort to be evacuated by 1st July. Verdun on 1st September.

OPENING OF THE GERMAN PARLIAMENT.

Berlin, March 12.

The German Parliament was opened at 1.15 p.m. to-day by the Emperor in person. In the Speech from the Throne he enumerated the various bills which would be laid before the members for their consideration. The object of these bills will be principally to regulate the proportion of landed property which has passed from separate States to the Imperial administration, to reorganize the system of fortification, to satisfy the claims of the invalids out of the war indemnity, and to reorganize the plan for the establishment of the fleet. Add to this, there will be a general military bill, based upon the principle of universal liability to service; a bill defining the duties devolving upon the various States in case of war; also bills for the improvement of the salaries of the Imperial civil servants, and to increase the pay of commissioned and non-commissioned officers. The Speech states that, in view of the favourable financial position of the Imperial Treasury, this increase will be possible without augmenting the contributions apportioned to each State for the military service by the Imperial Government. A new coinage law is also mentioned in the Speech, and a new postal tariff for parcels and valuables. In reference to the abolition of the salt-tax, the Emperor said the examination of the question had now nearly been concluded. Its result would also be a subject for consideration.

The Speech mentions that an agreement with France as to the various periods in which the last portion of the war contributions were to be paid had been arrived at, and says that France had anticipated the periods agreed upon, and the time had arrived when the respective questions which had been reserved had to be arranged. The Speech said that the confidence expressed by the Emperor in his last year's Speech at the opening of the Parliament, that he expected a pacific development of the internal condition of France, had been realized. The Emperor thereupon founds the hope that the time of a complete financial arrangement with the French Government would not be distant, and that therefore it will be possible to bring about a more speedy and entire evacuation of French territory. The Emperor continued:—

"The relations with all foreign States justify our confidence in the maintenance and consolidation of peace. This confidence is most fully justified in consequence of the amicable relations with the Monarchs of the powerful neighbouring Empires, which were confirmed and strengthened by their personal visit. These relations to our neighbours, which are a guarantee for the maintenance of peace, will be cherished by the Emperor, and he will consider it as a desirable task, the fulfilment of which will, by God's help, be possible."

Not many Deputies were present to-day at the opening of the Reichstag. The Federal Council was headed by Prince Bismarck, who was followed by the Bavarian Minister, Herr von Fäustle; the Prussian Prime Minister, Field-Marshall von Roon; and the other Members of the Federal Council. All the Princes actually in Berlin were likewise in attendance, among whom was the Imperial Crown Prince, who appeared in good health. In the Diplomatic Gallery nearly all the foreign representatives were present, including the Japanese Embassy, in European dress. The Emperor, on his arrival, was greeted with cheers, proposed by the President, Dr. Simon. After the reading of the Speech, Prince Bismarck declared the Reichstag open. The ceremony terminated with cheers for the Emperor, which were proposed by Herr von Faustle.

The Emperor and Empress of Germany have consented to take part in the fete which will be given next Saturday at the French Embassy.

The President of the Ministry, in accordance with Privy-Councillor Wagener's request, has ordered a disciplinary inquiry into the charges made against the latter, who, in the meantime, is to receive leave of absence from his functions.

Strasburg, March 12th.

The proceedings for providing the number of men required for the army from this city were brought to an end yesterday. 389 men called for military duty have presented themselves, and of that number 179 men have been found fit for service.

Versailles, March 12, evening.

The commission on the Anglo-French treaty of commerce to-day elected M. Pouyer Quertier president, M. Feray vice-president, and MM. Montgolfier and Joubert secretaries. They are all opponents of the treaty. After this election the debate commenced, and speeches expressing hostility to the treaty were delivered. The idea generally expressed was that, whatever opinion was held about free trade or protection, it was necessary to ask England for an extension of the 'status quo' for some months, during which the views of the French Chambers of Commerce should be ascertained. Several speakers pointed out material errors in the treaty requiring rectification.

London, March 13th.

The Madrid mail has arrived. Advices from the frontier give particulars of the engagement between the Republicans and the band of Soroeta mentioned in telegrams of the 10th inst. After long and obstinate fighting the Republicans retreated. The Carlists estimate the loss of the Government troops at 100. Soroeta was mortally wounded. The engagement was fought on the heights of Oyarzun, which were defended by the Carlists.

Evening.

Carlist advices published in the Legitimist papers of this evening maintain that the troops of Don Carlos have repulsed the Republicans in an engagement at Irarzun, at which they captured 150 muskets.

The *Univers* of this evening publishes a letter from the Carlist Committee in London appealing for French subscriptions.

Hendaya, March 11th.

After burning the station of Navelares, on the Northern Line, the Carlists burnt to-day the station of Olozaquita and cut the railway line at the station No. 533. They have also cut the Bilbao Line.

Barcelona, March 11th, evening.

Perfect order prevails.

Berlin, March 12th.

With the view, it is proposed, of keeping them neutral during the Khiva campaign, the Russian Government has ceded the territory of Paskantschak to the Kirghese of the Inner Horde. As this nomad horde wanders over the region north of the Caspian, between the Volga and Ural Rivers, on what is considered European soil, the action of the Russian Government shows the extent of excitement prevailing among the Turco-Tartar tribes.

Herr von Struve, the Diplomatic Adlatus of the Governor of Turkestan, will be shortly appointed Russian Envoy in Japan, in room of M. de Butzoff appointed to represent Russia at Pekin.

Paris, March 12.

The Minister of Finance will propose, two days hence, the Budget for 1874.

The appointment of M. Pouyer-Quertier as President of the Commercial Treaty Commission justifies the anticipations of the tendencies of the majority of that Commission proving hostile to the Treaty.

The 18th "Commission d'Initiative" has approved a proposition for an inquiry into the causes of the high price of coals.

The decision of the Court of Appeal, reversing the decision of the Tribunal of Commerce in the case of the Suez Canal, caused on the Bourse a rise of 46f. per share, but does not in any way settle the question of the tariff.

Philadelphia, March 12.

Mr. Secretary Boutwell, being elected Senator for Massachusetts, resigns his Secretaryship this week. Mr. William A. Richardson, Assistant-Secretary, is his probable successor.

New York, March 12.

Mr. Boutwell has been elected Senator by a convention of both Houses of the Massachusetts Legislature. He obtained 153 votes, 115 being recorded for Mr. Dawes. Judge Richardson will most likely succeed him as Secretary of the Treasury.

CLOSING PRICES.

Gold closed at 115¼; the highest quotation during the day was 115¼, the lowest 115⅛.

Sterling exchange on London, 108.

Five-Twenty United States' Bonds, 1885, 116¾; do. 1867, 116⅝; Five per Cent. Funded Loan, 113¼.

Illinois Shares, 123; Erie Shares, 65⅜, Central Pacifics, 104.

Cotton, middling upland 20¼ c.

Petroleum, standard white, 19c.

Flour, extra State, $7 55c to $7 75c.

Corn, old mixed, 66c.

Red Spring wheat, $1 80c.

CANADA.

Ottawa, March 12.

The Address in reply to the Speech from the Throne has been agreed to without a division. A division taken on a question of privilege since the House met shows parties to be very evenly balanced. The Opposition threaten formally to attack the Ministry on specific acts of policy.

Advices from Mexico state that Porfirio Diaz has been elected Chief Justice of Mexico.

The American General Augur has arrived at the Rio Grande, to put a stop to depredations.

MR. MACDONELL'S REPORT.

REMARKS ON THE RIVER PLATE REPUBLICS AS A FIELD FOR BRITISH EMIGRATION.

(*Continued.*)

In the event of a revolution such are the uninviting prospects offered to immigrants, and such are the much vaunted immunities which foreigners are said to enjoy.

The next great bane to settlers, who may be tempted by the low price of land to proceed to the frontiers, is, as has been already remarked, great exposure to the raids of the Indian; and here we may remark that the Indian of the Pampas is a very different being from the romantic and poetic notion of this savage, which is current—his happiest hunting grounds, not the boundless forest or prairie, but the lands and estancias of harmless settlers.

The following extract from one of the native newspapers (Note 39 Appendix) will convey an idea of the utterly defenceless state of the frontier, and the havoc committed by the Indians in its vicinity:—

"It is estimated that the number of horned cattle stolen and destroyed by the Indians in the province of Buenos Ayres between 1820 and 1870 amounts to 11,000,000. These 11,000,000 argue at least 20,000,000 of silver dollars lost to the national wealth.

"A respectable landholder of many years' standing in the southern portion of the same province, made last year the following calculation of the losses caused by the Indians during the last fifty years—

Cattle	11,000,000
Horses	2,000,000
Sheep	2,000,000
Individuals made captive or killed	50,000
Habitations destroyed	3,000
Value of goods stolen or burnt	$20,000 000

"If then these data be exact, or even approximately so, as we have no doubt from the observant and high character of their author, we see how great has been the loss of this province alone, and can conjecture what additional injury has been committed during their frequent invasions of Santa Fe, Cordova, San Luis, and Mendoza.

Another journal (Note 40 Appendix) remarks that—

"Since the fall of Rosas the frontier appears so perfectly exposed to the Indians that the damage they have caused within the last ten years to settlers is incredible."

On the other hand, the Government pleads that the frontier is so extensive that it cannot be effectually defended; a poor excuse, when, without doubt, it was considered secure during the rule of Rosas.

The force allotted for the protection of the frontier nominally consists of 6,500 men, barely one-third of whom are in active service; its composition is of the very worst character, containing Gauchos, convicts, gaol birds and good-for-nothing or kidnapped foreigners. Unpaid and undisciplined, such men are more likely to side with the Indians than protect the frontier.

The annual cost of this frontier force together with the subsidies granted to the friendly Indians, may be estimated at upwards of a million sterling.

The result obtained is, that a month does not elapse without a daring raid being reported within a few miles of some populous town, and of cattle driven away and captives carried off, with the utmost impunity, within sight of the so-called frontier forts. (Note 41 Appendix).

The only Indians who are said to have been at all tractable with the settlers are those in the neighbourhood of the Welsh Colony of Chuput, in Patagonia; but this tractability is probably due to the state of destitution of that settlement, which, on several occasions, the Indians, to their credit, have endeavoured to rescue from starvation.

In the face of all this, there is not a writer on immigration to the Argentine Republic who has not concealed the truth with regard to the dangers to which settlers are exposed at the hands of the Indians.

V.—THE FITNESS OF THE VARIOUS CLASSES OF BRITISH EMIGRANTS.

From the foregoing considerations it will not be a difficult matter to determine if British emigrants are suitable at all, what class should be advised to seek a new home on these shores, and assuming, in spite of the many other attractions held out by the United States, Australia, New Zealand and Canada, that it were possible for this country to entice settlers from the North of Europe, it becomes a matter of consideration whether that class which England is, at present, endeavouring to send abroad is fitted for the work allotted to it here.

The history of emigration from the British Islands leads to the deduction that, whilst for merly the majority of those leaving their native shores belonged to the rural, at the present moment it is chiefly the surplus population from the manufacturing districts that seeks or is encouraged to leave the country. Due, perhaps, to the centres in which they have been reared, as well as to their antecedents, habits, associations and pursuits, the presence of such a class here would, I fear, prove rather an incubus than a boon. Judging from the cases of the several individuals who have come under my own personal observation, I am inclined to pronounce the majority of the present English emigrants of this class an idle, intemperate and worthless lot, who, in but too many instances, bring discredit, not only upon themselves, but their country. No doubt there are amongst them men of respectability and staid character, but these are they, who, I may add, have been sorely deceived in their estimate this Republic.

(*To be continued.*)

PROVINCIAL BANK.

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

During the last fortnight the money market of Buenos Ayres has shown so much fluctuation that itwas surmized elements of no ordinary character were at work to produce such results. It was known to a few that the directors of the Provincial Bank had sent in to the Government a very detailed report upon the emission question, but until last Thursday morning the report was a Government secret.

In a matter of such great moment we have considered it our duty to translate this document and publish it in English for our readers. The following is the report:—

B. Ayres, April 7th, 1873.

To the Minister of Finance, Dn. Carlos Saavedra Zavaleta.

The note of the Minister of Finance dated the 12th March has attracted public attention and provoked the greatest discussion in the newspapers, and the fact that the executive has taken the initiative in this matter and that the subject has created the greatest controversy proves unquestionably its importance. The directors regarding the matter so, have given it the greatest study and attention, and as the Ministers note seeks the opinion of the board upon two propositions it is given separately.

First proposition—

Does the board consider that the opportunity has arrived for the conversion of the paper money?

This is not the first occasion that the directors have occupied themselves with this question nor the first time they have given their opinion. The Government already holds it, although the interest in this matter was not previously so great as to justify its publication.

During the session of 1872 various projects were brought before the House to modify the working of the bank, to dispose of its profits, and to convert the paper money.

The Committee of Hacienda asked the directory for its opinion, proposing the immediate conversion of the paper money, and the emission of specie notes, but on the basis proposed the directory then refused to discuss the question.

Public opinion, as expressed by the papers, and the debates in the Chamber, was pronounced against the fluctuating paper money, which, in the language of Mr. Chevalier, was nothing short of piracy in a civilized country. The Board of Directors had only one question to consider—Is the bank in a position to carry this out, or would it not be better to postpone the matter to a more favourable time?

The Directors negatived the first, and decided in the germative on the latter. The law of November, 1864, that first mooted this matter thoroughly, comprehended its magnitude, and, therefore, to secure success surrounded the bank with the most powerful elements.

Its capital.
Its profits.
Western Railway receipts.
Sale of 800 leagues of public land.
Home loan of four millions pats.

Of all these elements the bank only employed its capital and profits—$62,441,000 m/c. from the sales of public lands, including $14,310,000 m/c. in bills to collect.

Notwithstanding that the bank used but these small resources, still, with patience, perseverance and prudence, it has gone a long way towards carrying out the scheme of 1864, and it is now on the point of crowning with success its work without the aid of any of the before-mentioned elements, if patience and prudence be not forsaken. To decree the conversion of the paper money, now, or to pass any law on the subject would be to reduce this prosperous and flourishing institution into a veritable state of insolvency.

The position of the bank and the invested state of its profits renders it impossible to maintain a specie currency if the paper money be abolished. To adopt such a measure would be to open the road to a forced currency and a repetition of the old paper money, which has taught us such bitter experience, and furthermore, the Directory ignores the necessity of any such step merely to please a set of brainless financiers.

The Directors foresee the most incalculable woes by anticipating results which can only be achieved through patience and prudence, unless, external aid be obtained for the measure, and they insist that the conversion of the paper money will in the quiet march of events be itself worked out.

The history of the bank has not been sterile; its credit both at home and abroad has risen to a point beyond expectation, its capital has increased and is increasing prodigiously, and its true bank note has a fixed value in all commercial transactions, even to the issue of its patacon notes, thus preparing the public mind for the change in the currency, which has yet to be effected. The little further time that is required will complete the education of the classes by means of the decimal emission which the bank purposes to make.

This is what the Board said in May 1872; in the ten months which have since followed the position of the bank has but very little changed, and the Directors find no reason to alter their opinion in the least or to embarass the progress of the bank, or compromise its credit by the proposed conversion of the currency. The Directors further say that the fundamental change proposed by the Law of 1864 was to terminate the abnormal position of the bank, to abolish the suspension of specie payments and to regulate the payment of Provincial loans represented in paper money of a fluctuating value. This law compelled the Province to assume the whole debt of the paper money at the rate of 25 m/c. to a patacon. It granted to the bank increased resources, and prohibited the emission of any save specie bills. This law has been well and faithfully carried out, and has given fixed value to our currency, and the Ocma de Cambios, a most useful measure, put a stop to the fluctuations of specie, and gave to the paper money the appearance of a convertible bank note.

To-day it may be safely said that the province has nothing to fear respecting the security of its circulation. The holders of paper money instead of demanding specie and calling upon the bank reserve, prefer the paper money and exchange specie for it.

This situation obtained after so many efforts should not be abandoned without the completest guarantee that upon adopting a change the bank will still be enabled to afford the same assistance to commerce, industry and public interest as at present. It is not for attachment to the ancient routine that we should retain the bank as it is; neither is it in the enthusiasm of inovation that we should meditate a change.

It is our duty and obligation to be timid and nervous in dealing with the most important institution of the province, the most powerful element of its wealth and prosperity. We are bound to take every precaution that the institution does not suffer or go back owing to crude reforms or temporary alterations.

Time and events carry their own irrevocable arguments; let us be guided by them, and they will equally carry the timid with the current, as they will restrain the impatient who want to go too fast.

Second Proposition.

If it is the interest of the bank and the market to apply to the legislature for power to increase the specie note emission?

The law of the 22nd October, 1866, empowered the bank to issue four millions of specie notes; and the law of 14th January, 1870, increased that emission to six millions.

The great circulation of these bills springs from the fact that they are guaranteed by the specie reserve of the bank, and by national bonds.

No law specified the specie required to be held for this emission, it being left to the board to judge by the bank operations.

The bank has *no right* to create a trade, but to foment it, to guide and assist commerce; it cannot, therefore, remain stationary; it must march with the progress of the country, adapting itself to the exigencies of the markets, if it wishes to hold its stand as a powerful element of the country's progress.

The present circulation must necessarily be larger than the year 1866 and therefore it is that the total issue authorised by law is insufficient and must be helped by specie; this situation produces an economical phenomena in which specie enjoys a sort of forced currency, the circulating medium being insufficient for the growing necessities of the market, and we do not consider that there is the slightest danger in granting to the bank power to issue specie bills to the amount of 12 millions.

The board would not make any unjustifiable use of the power to increase its issue, but would use it as the necessities of the market required.

The present specie notes in circulation, and those which they can emit do not nor will not require to be totally represented in specie, for if so, neither the bank nor commerce would be gainer by the issue.

The actual emission and any increased issue can be represented by securities held by the bank whilst the capital of the bank would always afford sufficient margin on these securities and would always represent more than the notes emitted or which could be emitted up to twelve millions.

There is, therefore, an extravagance of prudence, in fact, a waste of the bank capital, in not availing of its securities and issuing more notes to help the market.

A large part of the bank capital is employed in Public Securities, a portion of which might be turned to account by an operation analogous to that which first authorised the emission of notes, that is to say, to issue four million specie notes represented by public provincial bonds as a portion of the six millions which is about being put into circulation.

This is the judgment of the majority of the Board of Directors on this subject, which has provoked so much discussion and such numerous combinations.

God preserve Y.E.,
MARIANO SAAVEDRA.
EULOGIO ZAMUDIO.

THE HAPPY LAND.

(*From our own Correspondent.*)

London, March 9th.

The Southampton steamer leaves us in the midst of what has already been called a political crisis. Mr. Gladstone's Irish Universities bill, which was intended to please every one, naturally pleases no one; and it is quite on the cards that your Lisbon telegram may record an adverse vote on Tuesday evening, 11th inst., and the consequent resignation of the great middle class administration. I say consequent, but, as you already know, the resignation of the Ministry is not, by any means, a necessary consequence of an adverse vote on such a measure. A great deal will depend upon the temper of the House and upon the temper of Mr. Gladstone, and upon the amount of eagerness with which he will seize the opportunity of returning to those benches where the wicked world ceases from troubling and the weary find repose.

Should the Cabinet go out this week, its exit will possess not a little of the ludicrous, since the talk of the town is the prohibition by the Lord Chamberlain of a burlesque called 'The Happy Land,' at the Court Theatre, in which Mr. Gladstone, Mr. Lowe, and Mr. Ayrton were represented in the most ridiculous light. That you may understand the fun of the thing, I must remind you that the play of the season is 'The Wicked World,' by Mr. Gilbert. That philosophic satirist of the Haymarket Theatre pitched his scenery in Cloud-land, and peopled his fairy kingdom with beings of both sexes, who were supremely happy because in their domains love did not exist. In an evil day some returned emigrant from the lower world whispered to the fairy ladies that down in those parts there was what they called love, and there were, in consequence, some pretty goings-on. You can imagine Buckstone's face when he suggests what it was that was going on. The fairy ladies hid their faces in dismay; but little by little they began to peep through their

fingers, to grow less and less shocked at the details, and finally they decided to send for a pair of male mortals that they might judge for themselves. You can fill in for yourselves the remainder of the plot. You can understand that the happy land was immediately converted into a pandemonium by female spite and jealousies, through the importation of mortal love, which poets and greenhorns once represented as a blessing, but which, Mr. Gilbert tells us, is the original curse, the forbidden fruit our first parents ate, peel and pips, and bequeathed to us thereby an hereditary indigestion.

The play took admirably, and is still running at the Haymarket. Any successful piece is sure to be burlesqued. Accordingly Miss Litton, the lessee of the Court Theatre, procured a 'Happy Land' in which the coveted fruit was not love, but popular Government.

The two Knights, Ethais and Phyllon, and their attendant Lettin, for whom the fairies send for, are Mr. Gladstone, Mr. Lowe and Mr. Ayrton, made up to the life, each with a characteristic comic song, and all three uniting in one loving 'can-can.' I must refer you to the newspapers for the points and the songs. The refrain of the latter is a parody on a well known nigger song, 'fi, fi, fee, fee, here a fi, there a fee, rub—a dub, dub, dum, the Academy of music—New York."

At the first representation their Royal Highnesses the Prince of Wales and the Duke of Edinburgh were amongst the crowded audience and joined in the roars of merriment and enthusiasm produced by the sight of Mr. Gladstone dancing a can-can.

It appears however, that Miss Litton forgot to submit to the inspector of plays, old Donne, 18 folio pages of the acting copy; and in those 18 pages were unfortunately all the political allusions and makes-up. The Lord Chamberlain (Lord Sidney) on hearing the dreadful accounts of the performance paid a visit himself to the theatre. Doubtless his Lordship roared like the rest, but found it his duty to fulfill in this instance the letter of the law which expressly forbids in this "Happy land", this paradise of "snobs" and "superior persons" all political allusions. He accordingly stopped the piece. But Miss Litton apologized and promised to make the cuts required, and it was again played on Saturday night, when every seat not only in the boxes and stalls, but pit and gallery was taken by ticket. Not a shilling was taken at the doors. The actors no longer represented the three members of the Ministry, but by half phrases, suggestions and feigned forgetfulness, they contrived to keep up the spirit of the forbidden political points. The teeth of the piece are nevertheless drawn, and it will soon sink to an ordinary level in attraction.

The question is to be brought before the House. If the matter ends in abolishing the sinecures held by Mr. Donne and Lord Sidney, as we l as establishing anything approaching to a censorship we shall all of us thank Miss Litton, and say God speed the woman's right movement; for the women alone seem to have political courage in this servile and 'superior person' ridden land.

If we were to judge England by the London press—thank God we do not—there is no abasement we should not submit to if submission were pronounced by a certain clique of literary shoddy to be in 'good form.'

The threatened closing of the Court theatre is in some respects an act of retributive justice on that very literary shoddy which writes our reactionary plays, our anti-democratic leaders, our leaner and leaner quarterlies, and which dines at clubs, sups at night houses, writes immoral farces and brings actions for libel against complaining critics, actions which are tried by judges of not irreproachable antecedents and by juries of twelve British grocers who nod with the Attorney General and grin when "My Lud" grins.

Your readers who still take an interest in the old country may be sure that this question of "judge law," though not on the surface and agitated at this very moment, is making a deep impression out of the circle of shoddy and a shoddy press. I was one of those who considered the case of the Attorney General overwhelming against the Tichborne claimant; but with recent experience of London life I would as soon believe the claimant as the Attorney General or his clients.

The case of Mr. Joseph Javier de Lizardi has now a sumed a more serious aspect. It will be remembered that immediately after his failure for a very large amount, variously estimated at from three-quarters of a million to a million and a quarter, a charge was preferred against him of having unlawfully obtained a sum of £12,000 from Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie and Co., the bankers in Lombard street, on a bill of lading on which a previous advance had been made by another house. The accused being liberated on bail, absconded. Since then the Lord Mayor has granted a warrant for his apprehension on a still more serious charge—that of uttering forged orders for the delivery of goods, and the prosecutors, Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co., have offered a reward of £250 for his arrest. This is in addition to the £200 reward offered by the sureties.

The great bill forgeries amounting to £100,000 are not yet cleared up.

"On Friday, at the Mansion house, Edwin Noyes, a well-dressed American, was charged with having obtained, by fraud and forgery, from the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, the sum of £1,500. The prisoner was first before the court on Saturday, but on that occasion the case was heard in private.

"After the prisoner Noyes was heard, Jules Menager, 31, musical instrument maker, and Ellen Vernon, 20, both foreigners, were brought before the court charged with being in the unlawful possession of a bag containing £2,717 10s in gold, supposed to be the proceeds of forgeries committed on the Bank of England.

The prisoners were remanded.

"The *Economist* understands that the late forgeries on the Bank of England were executed by photography or some similar process. Some of the parties whose signatures were imitated would hardly have known that they were not their own handwriting."

This last week a poor lad was sentenced to three months hard labour for stealing six penny worth of cakes. A brute who nearly killed his little daughter of ten years of age dragging her by the hair down a street and throwing her into convulsions, got the same sentence more or less. Happy land!

The man who sat up all night weighing a ton of coals with a pair of steelyards, by the pailful, and to see that he had received full weight, thought he was ahead a few pounds until he remembered that he had not deducted the weight of the pail.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Happy Easter! subscribers all. This salutation is, no doubt, slightly conventional; but so is everything under the sun, and we are, probably, more sincere than most of your neighbours in wishing you again a Happy Easter!

The ceremonies incidental to Holy Week were celebrated with great pomp in the principal churches. The solemn offices began at the Cathedral on Wednesday evening, and that splendid pile was crowded with worshippers on Thursday and Good Friday at every service, the Passion celebrations on the latter day being very imposing. Order was generally observed, the guardians of the peace being in strong force wherever there was an unusual crowd of worshippers. H. E. President Sarmiento was prevented by a severe cold from paying the usual official visits to the churches on Thursday.

The 'tarnal' old 'Cooter' came into port on Thursday, bringing up a cargo of papers and letters from the Mount. The Lusitania's mails, however, are still on t'other side of Jordan, but may be expected up about the end of next week. Although our old friend the 'Cooter' was only allowed to come in as far as the Ponton, lest there might be contagion lurking about her topmast, there was a dense crowd on the Mole, and the azoteas on Paseo de Julio were bristling with telescopes all on the look out for her. She came in with a spanking breeze abaft the beam, carrying every stitch she could stand under, and looked charming to a nautical eye, rounding to under the guardship and coming to her moorings with a precision that the Royal Yacht Squadron or the R.St.G.Y.C. would not be ashamed of. It may not be generally known that the 'Cooter' is the fastest 'single sticker' in River Plate waters; but she is; and, as a sailer does not deserve the tons of abuse that 'landlubbers' so much delight in heaping on her.

"On the coast of the United Kingdom alone there every year occur about two thousand wrecks, and one half of them are losses of colliers or coal ships, generally, or often, at least, in a flagrant state of unseaworthiness. It it scarcely credible that colliers of a hundred years old have been found employed in the trade. In ten years alone there have occurred on the coast of Britain some thousand cases of casualties due to proved unseaworthiness or unsoundness of gear. These figures do not include disasters to seagoing vessels."

The Lord Mayor is getting livelier every day, though the body he directs is so confoundedly hard up. Mark Tapley or Mr Micawber were nothing to his Lordship in keeping up under adverse circumstances. His last effort in the public behalf was to write to the Bishop begging of him to order all the windows of the various churches to be kept open during the services on Thursday and Friday, so that the worshipping crowds might have fresh air to breathe during their devotions. What if they got cold in their heads? We believe they did. We can answer for a terrific amount of sneezing in the Court yesterday.

Private accounts from Asuncion declare that the reported victory of the Govrn. troops Caballero is moonshine; that that general has 1500 men passably armed under him, and that news of an almighty ruction in or near the Paraguayan capital may be looked for by next mail.

The new Prison will be inaugurated to day. All the 'big wigs' in the city and province will be there, as the occasion is in every respect what Don O'Connell would call 'a great day for Buenos Ayres.' The laying of the foundation stone of this edifice marks the opening of a new era for the criminal classes in this country; and though it will take four years to complete, the fact that their reign is drawing to a close will have a deterring effect on evil-doers, lest they be the first to make acquaintance with the discipline of the new jail; which will be a jail, and not a den of licence and corruption as what is called the Carcel now is.

We tried Turmeau's Corned Beef on Thursday, and again for lunch yesterday. Joking apart this time, it is excellent; could n't be better it salted in London or Dublin. Words fail us to describe how delightfully it tastes between two moderately thin slices of the 'staff of life,' with an average smear of mustard; as for how it answers at breakfast, it must be eaten by the pound to be appreciated. Turmeau, you *are* the right man in the right place!

Mr. Daws to the fore again! He has now the very latest *Illustrated News*, which has some splendid cuts, and very pleasant reading of its own unique kind. 'Sympathy', 'Sketches in Berlin' and the portrait of the late Dr. Guthrie are all excellent.

'On dit' in town that George MacDonnell whose name is connected with the recent great forgeries in England is the self-same party who 'took the steamer' for Europe rather suddenly, from this city, about two years ago. The description certainly tallies in many respects.

The following funny advertizement is from the *Times*. "Tony Roberts—Bunny—who has left never to return, is requested by his sorrowing and bilged up friends to communicate immediately with the Old Doc, who is inconsolable." Can any nautical subscriber inform us what desperate state of mind or body 'bilged-up' is meant to convey.

The Martinez auction to-day promises to be one of the most attractive affairs of the kind we have had for some time. Every man we met yesterday, was going to the fair and was quite 'gone' as to the beauties of the place on sale. The advertizement in another column may seem exaggerated to people without any poetry in their souls; but the simple fact is that the garden of Eden, the Elysian Fields and the Phœnix Park, Dublin, rolled into one are not a seedy patch on the lots. Mr. Bulrich offers to-day at Martinez station. We should like greatly to go, but our conscientious scruples as to Sunday auctions, and the threats of our friend Mr. Lowe, are serious obstacles in our way. A special train leaves the Central Station at 11½ a. m., returning at 2,50 p m.

The weather during the holidays changed to a wintry temperature. The STANDARD thermometer has had such a fall that we are seriously afraid it is hurt. On Thursday night as the churches were in process of being emptied down came the water, while the thunder roared and lightning flashed like, like—like anything. On Friday we saw dozens of top-coats, hundreds of muffs (we don't mean male 'muffs', they are to be seen every day) and mufflers by the thousand. A bitterly cold 'pampero' blew, and fires had to be lighted in every drawing room. During the night the mercury flopped down below freezing point, and when we rose at 5 a. m. yesterday to begin the labours of the day the face of nature was as white as a good smart frost could make it. So hard was it that the ink in our editorial bottle was frozen, and we had to go to bed again till the sun rose and melted it.

We advise the public that our Packet Edition for the Royal Mail Steamer Royal will appear to-morrow at noon. This vessel sails on Tuesday afternoon, and takes home several British and other friends.

We had a perfect 'pot pourri' of newspapers from the Mount, 'the Coast,' and the Interior, yesterday. There is not as much real news in the whole blessed lot as would enable a penny-a-liner to earn a scanty dinner. Our latest files from Valparaiso are to the 22nd ult. The Caracoles mines are increasing daily in yield, and a very flattering report has been made by the prospecting expedition of the Atacama Sociedad Minero. Peru is stated to be in a hopeless state—going to the dogs as fast as she can, and bankruptcy approaching as fast as it can. The new French minister, M. le Vicomte Brenier de Montmorand, has been officially received by the Chilian President. There is nothing in the papers about the Limits question with this republic; but Governor Viel was to start on the 17th ult. for the mouth of the Gallegos, to fix on a site for the new colony. The sheep runs there are said to be tip top. The plans for the Exhibition Building have been approved of. Small-pox is increasing in Valparaiso. The death of Mr. Jones, an engineer in the Chilian navy, and a native of Wales, is announced. Money is as tight as a drumhead at Santiago, the recent calls on stocks and shares amounting to no less that 6,000,000 of hard pats.

We remind the English speaking Catholic community that the Rev. Kenelm Vaughan preaches to-day in the Church of San Roque after the mass at 11 o'clock.

The report of the meeting of the Montevideo Fever Fund Committee reached us late on Wednesday, but it is quite too long for our columns. Suffice it to say that the Committee, composed of some of the first men and women in town, of every nationality, is sleepless in its exertions. The members meet no less than three times a day—at 11, 4, and 8 o'clock. The money collected will be sent down next week. Giving quickly is everything in these cases. £1,100 collected in Rio for this city in 1871 was only paid to the National Government last week.

On the 20th inst. the various Committees which have been working for the candidature of General Mitre, as next President of the Republic, will meet and formally start The Mitre Club. The affair will be the grandest thing of its kind yet seen, as the citizens pledged to the General's Club are amongst the wealthiest and most influential in the Republic.

A pamphlet has just been published in Florence by Signor G. B. Cuneo. Argentine Emigration agent there, at the instance of the Argentine Immigration Commissioners in this city. Copies of this brochure reached us yesterday. It is excellently drawn up, warns emigrants against the dodges of so called agents who would entice them to New York instead of Buenos Ayres, gives the fullest information for their guidance on landing here, full details of the results already attained here by their countrymen, the rates of wages in town, camp and colonies, and various other information of the most useful kind to new arrivals. The number of Italians in Buenos Ayres is set down at 50,000.

It has been been raining steamers from Europe the last few days. The France, Ptolemy and Hipparchus are all in. The latter entered yesterday and brings papers from England to the 13th and from Havre to the 15th. The Ptolemy brings a big cargo, and the France a big lot of European bone and sinew (1150). The splendid run out of this vessel is very much tarnished in editorial eyes from the fact that she has brought no papers either from Marseilles or Gibraltar, though she left the latter port on the 19th ult. and might have brought out later papers than the Lusitania did telegrams. This sort of thing is the play of Hamlet with the part of Hamlet left out. Bother immigrants, if news papers are to be forgotten! Our professional feelings are too much for us under the shocking disappointment of missing 'One day later from Europe'. We weep not for ourselves, but for our innocent subscribers.

We received a paper from Victoria yesterday, but could get nothing out of it. We had another from Palmyra which was so execrably printed as to be illegible, and we were saved the trouble of reading it. The Cordoba papers make a clean breast of it and admit they have no 'novedades;' and considering what a long way a mighty little bit of a 'novedad' goes with 'noticieros' in this country, this shews the news market in Cordova. From Rosario we learn that that 'sympathetic assaciotion" the Social Club, intends to give a kind of tea-and-turn-out 'tertulia' to-night. Tea is a very weak beverage to dance much on. There is a hitch about the Water Works scheme. Lords knows when it will start.

The Montevideo papers are painful to scan: nothing but fever, and death, and mourning. The announcement in one paper of a ball to be given at San Jose grates shockingly on the feelings in the midst of such woe. Most of the second rate doctors are pitching into each other in private and public as to how the fever ought to be treated.

A British Clerk has sent us *his* estimate of 'Expenses' as a corrollary to those of 'A Mother' in a recent issue. It is quite apparent that, as we surmised, the old lady was trying to 'gammon' the unmarried male public. Our 'Clerk' has $2,500 m/c. per month yet spends $3,360; still he seems to be a God fearing, sober sort of a man, as he gives charity and only spends 6s 3d a month on amusement, unless he has concealed (and we suspect he has), some indiscreet expenses under the impenetrable mantle of 'Sundries.' It is very clear that this particular clerk is not the sort of fellow to raise and keep a family on 5,000 m/c. per month, so 'A Mother' may put him out of her head as a match for her paragon of a daughter.

The crowd of ladies in Plaza Victoria yesterday while the ceremony of roasting Judas was going on was something 'hors ligne.' Some were going to church, others coming from it, others apparently only "knocking about," but take them all in all we never saw a prettier or better dressed lot. There were a few 'teen' males to be seen amongst them, but the boys were lost in the sea of 'gros de Naples,' satins, feathers, flowers and "embonpoint" rolling about them on all sides.

The Opera again. Hooray! That sweet thing in operas good, honest, howling Trovatore, will be given this evening at the Corrientes House. Madame Marziali the favorite of last season, and a couple of the gentlemen artists are the only ones we recognise amongst the singers. Marker, score one for Pestalardo; he's first at the starting-post.

The blaze at the Plaza Constitucion the other day was a mere tallow-candle affair in some small 'fabrica;' no damage done.

On next Thursday Mrs. Powell will have a children's concert at her house, No. 96 Calle Independencia. The concert will begin at ½ past 7, the children singing 'Old Mortales,' Mrs. Powell with her customary hospitality has sent invitations to her wide circle of friends.

EXPENSES.

12th April, '73.

Dear STANDARD,

As it seems the British Parliament is, under the advice of our Consul, about to discuss the question of living expenses in Buenos Ayres, I think it only fair that the expenses of a bachelor should be as well known as those of a married couple.

In don't care much about the B. P. though I hope some day to pay income tax, but I want the honourable firm that sent me out at twenty pounds a year to read this. The contract was for five years, with a rise of ten pounds per annum.

By accident I got out of this financial fix, and my 'monthly complement' is now 2500 m/c., which I book by single entry. I used to book my expenses in a lump sum as extras, but this led to doubts as to how far I patronized local trade—

Room furnished	600
Hotel	700
Washing	150
Exercise horse, &c.	600
Clothing on pro rata principle	700
Amusements	40
Sundries	300
Extras, charity, &c.	270
	3360

Yours to command,

J. J.

WIRES AND CABLES.

Villa Maria, March 10th, 1873.

Gentlemen,

In the STANDARD of the 6th inst., you publish an article headed "Wires and Cables" on which I beg to make a few remarks, as some of its statements are incorrect.

A merchant of Tucuman or San Juan can now telegraph to B. Ayres and obtain an answer in a couple of hours, ...—So far the STANDARD.—The National Telegraph uniting the provinces of Cordoba, Santiago, Tucuman, Salta, Jujuy, Catamarca and Rioja has been interrupted for more than three months!

God knows when the Northern Telegraph will be again re-established.

A merchant of San Juan can now telegraph to Buenos Ayres and obtain an answer in a couple of hours, but not a merchant of Tucuman.

Within two years time the National Government will be obliged to renew every post on the line between Cordoba and Tucuman, because those posts (wooden ones) have been placed into the earth without immersing them first in a solution of sulphate of copper, and experience tells us, that a wooden post which has not been subjected to the above stated progress will be rotten within a year's time, and come down altogether within two years and a half.

I am gentlemen
yours truly
LEITANARVA.

ON 'CHANGE.

April 12th, 1873.

Ounces	400
Sovs	122½
Pats	25
National Bonds	79½

There was nothing whatever done in Bonds or Cedulas to-day. Holders seem with renewed confidence owing to the Bank Directors report, and the admitted fact that none of the National Bonds held by the Bank will be sold in this market. There were no sellers, and buyers offered for cash 79½, and as far as we could make out would pay no higher for the end of the month. Cedulas were offered at 97, but buyers stand back and refuse over 96½: nothing whatever done.

Exchange rules very flat, and the rate went down to-day ½. The German Bank drew in the morning at 48½, but afterwards put down its rate to 48; the London and R. Plate Bank drew at 48; we did not hear the rate of the Commercial Bank, but suppose it is the same. The rates closed at—

On England 48 to 48½ bank.
" 48½ commercial.
Antwerp 5.16 "

And takers at all the above rates.

The Montevidean telegram gave—
Blackhawk, from Falkland Islands.
Cutter leaves to-night.
Nine cases of fever, eight deaths.
Panic in city continues.
Subscription raised doing great good, and committee looking for locality for patients.

The sale of a large lot of American starch is reported at $48 m/c.

The sale of a valuable piece of real estate is announced, corner of Potosi and Piedras, 28x28 with an old house thereon, belonging to the Echavarria estate, for the round sum of two millions currency. Dr. J. Terrero buyer; this shows the value of city property in that locality.

In the barraquero's room to-day the payments were very trifling. Money is reported by the discount brokers as easy. 90,000 pats were taken up on Bonds on Wednesday afternoon at 10 per cent To-day the business could be done at 9.

It was stated on 'Change that the Boyne will take specie. The Hamburg steamer Rio is hourly expected.

To-day was a species of half holiday, and some of the principal brokers who are living in quintas did not put in an appearance.

The Hipparchus has made a splendid run out and the passengers speak in the very highest terms of this magnificent steamer. She sails on 22nd inst and will sail direct not touching at Montevideo or Rio, which is a very important matter, this is a most favorable opportunity for intending passengers.

Advices from Rosario report a great movement going on up there in lands, and business wearing a most improved aspect. This looks well.

All the rumours, fears, &c. about a revolution in Entre Rios on 11th inst. have ended in smoke. The days of revolution are passed.

The Republica to-morrow takes up a crowd of passengers, Business with Asuncion is wonderfully increasing.

Dates from Rio are to 2nd inst. Fever washed out. Tremendous inundations at Petropolis. Families all returning to Rio. Clean bill of health may be soon looked for.

Lord Louth, an Irish Peer, it is said has arrived at Montevideo from Falklands, in Black Hawk.

The first Russian man-of-war that has ever arrived at Buenos Ayres entered to-day—the Askold. She was at once saluted by the Once de Setiembre fort. The captain comes ashore his afternoon, and puts up with the Russian Consul, Sr. L mas. On Tuesday a small steamer with visitors goes off to see the Russian.

In the plazas this morning nothing done. Business will only be resumed on Monday morning.

The pause in business caused by Holy Week terminated to-day, but not before noon, owing to the crowds who attended the Plaza, as is the custom. Still, at Bolsa hour there was a full ring, and the brokers seemed in good spirits. The report of the Bank Directory was the grand topic of the day. All experienced men are fully of accord with the directors in their remarks, and the postponement of the emission question has given the fullest satisfaction. This excellent report we publish in English in another column: it is well worthy the attention of our commercial men.

The Hipparchus entered to-day with fresher papers from England than those brought by the Boyne, and dates from Havre to the 15th ult. Amongst her passengers are Mr. Napp and family, who have returned after a lengthened European trip.

The Ptolemy came in yesterday with a full cargo, and also brought us files of papers.

The money market ruled much easier to day than for the last fortnight It seems that the plan of the Bank directors to emit specie bills to the extent of 12 millions of pats has very favorably affected this market, and leads to the belief that money will during the winter rule very easy here; the employment of money at present is greater than ever before known in this market, and although some of this may be chargeable to the increasing expenditure of the masses, the real cause is the gigantic growth of the trade of the place, as proved by the Custom House returns, which nowadays reache the unprecedented figure of 120,000 pats for one single day. As an instance of the great employment for money at present we may state that the Provincial Bank has within the last 8 days discounted to the various firms who have applied for money the large sum of one hundred millions currency.

The Mutual Gas Company is now receiving heavy consignments. The Rydall Hall and Hipparchus have brought out a portion of the plant, and a special steamer with a full cargo of pipes is on the way out, Mr. Bowerson is on board.

The Havre auction news has fallen like a wet blanket on the wool markets, and stopped several transactions which were in process of arrangement. Holders have again to give way in prices: the losses in this staple this year are very severe, and it is the general opinion now that it is this fall in wool that affects our exchange market. Luckily hides keep up, but prices are so very high that people are afraid of them; and as for the working of the saladeros, so much depends on the weather that all calculation is impossible. It may turn out that the saladeristas will work the whole year round, and do it they will if they can.

The sale of a flock of sheep on Mr. Laurence Kelly's estancia, Freyre, at 48 m/c. cash 'al corto' tops the market in the sheep line. The purchaser is a young English who has a couple of years camp experience, and is sure to get along.

The last English mail has brought the following—

BUENOS AYRES AND ENSENADA PORT RAILWAY COMPANY.

Traffic Returns.

1872	No. of Passengers	Amount.
May	46,606	£1,472
June	40,758	1,249
July	39,910	1,163
August	40,268	1,293
September	42,665	1,425
October	44,020	1,601
November	51,394	1,909
		£10,002

"Whatever interested parties may state to the contrary, there can be very little doubt of the existence of a powerful combination to keep up the price of coal. Throughout the present famine one of its most puzzling features has been the utter impossibility of arriving at anything like a definite cause for the exorbitant price which consumers have had to pay for coal. There appears, however, some prospect that ere long the secret will be divulged. A correspondence which has lately appeared in the *Times* between a leading firm of Metropolitan coal merchants and a Sheffield firm of coal owners shows considerable discrepancy in facts. According to the merchants the high price of coal at the pit's mouth obliged them to increase of price as the output was never in proportion to the prices in London, and even the rise of price, which it is admitted did take place, was a consequence of, and not the cause of, the extra charges made in London. This latter firm also state that they considered at the time the advances in the price of coal to the London public imprudent and uncalled for, and quote a letter to their London agent, dated Feb. 5th 1873, in which they endorse his action in opposing the rise of price, and characterise the action of the merchants as one of "commercial suicide." These statements emanate from two firms dealing together, and yet they are diametrically opposed to each other. How could this be possible if all were plain sailing? These contradictory statements are well worthy of notice, inasmuch as they are significant of a split in the coal ring, which will probably before long enable the public to arrive at a solution of the great coal problem.

"All the shareholders of the Buenos Ayres Great Southern Railway who accepted their allotments of the new shares will derive an additional advantage, but those who did not will have the satisfaction of feeling that they are benefactors to their race. Their new shares will, doubtless, at some future time be disposed of by the directors for the benefit of the company. The new shares can hardly fail to be at a very high premium bye-and-bye; they are now at some premium."

On Tuesday next the period for paying the quarterly interest and amortization on mortgages held by the Mortgage Bank will expire. Mortgagors should take notice.

The R.M.S. Boyne clears on Tuesday. She will take a large number of passengers. Our Packet Edition will be ready on Monday, at noon.

There is every probability that at last the Government intends to do something about cleansing the Riachuelo. One of the drags is about to be given to Mr. Lisag, C.E., who has had much experience in Ireland in such matters. The committee is named, and the matter looks business-like.

Mr. Vernett, the Under-Secretary of Hacienda, calls for proposals for the printing of a thousand copies of the Minister's report to be laid before Congress, the bids to be opened on the 21st inst. The publication of these reports is a sign of the proximate opening of Congress; and these official documents will be of much interest this year.

To-day the bids for the putting together of a bridge of the Rio Tercero for account of the National Government were opened: as yet it is not known who has got the contract.

It is useful to look over the various proposals sent in to the Government for the construction of Rio Cuarto and the Mercedes Railway, since they show the great spirit of enterprise that has sprung up amongst us. Merchants, bankers, and even country dealers had come forward to bid for the work. Formerly all these undertakings were in the hands of the engineers, and for such enterprises we had to go to Europe for contractors, but now we have men from the different provinces coming down to Buenos Ayres and ready to undertake the job. A committee is now sitting to consider these proposals sent in, and it was generally said on 'Change to-day that the offer made by Benitez and Co. is, owing to the specifications made at the time, most favourable. Messrs. Benitez and Co., if they get the contract, are well able to carry it out.

The National Treasury paid to Mr. Charles Alkine, the well-known exchange broker, on the 2nd inst., the sum of 198,136 pats. for exchange on London; and on the same day paid to the same broker a further sum of 150,000 pats.

The Custom-house of Buenos Ayres received on the 28th of March last the sum of 124,500 pats. import and export duties for that day. These figures show the trade.

To-morrow the foundation stone of the new prison will be laid. Both governments are invited to attend. This new building will be much more expensive than the Provincial Bank or the Hypothecary Bank; in fact, very few are aware of the great outlay proposed for this most necessary institution. Various remittances have been made to London to Messrs. Murietta & Co. with whom the prison has an account current, as all the principal materials for this establishment will be purchased in England.

The French packet Gironde, sailed yesterday, took a very splendid collection of Argentine woods for the Vienna Exhibition. These woods have been beautifully got up, and doubtless will attract great attention, but generations must pass away before we may hope to make them an article of commerce.

The steamer Rydal Hall has brought out the ceiling ornaments for the grand hall of the Provincial Bank. We suppose towards the end of the year this splendid edifice will be ready.

The Nore, which has also just arrived has brought a cargo of tramway rails to the City of Buenos Ayres Tramway Co.

At almost every session of the Bolsa Committee there are now new members proposed. The following members were admitted this week—

Mr. Anthony Fragueiro
" James Monzies
" Nicholas Videla

The following market report from Valparaiso we have received per mail—

"A fair amount of business has been transacted in the market since my last report, as although freights have advanced, exchange has favoured buyers, while holders of produce have modified their pretensions in sight of the less favorable advices from Europe.

"Bar Copper—The market opened with buyers at 18$75 cash, on shore here and on the coast, but on the 5th inst. buyers reduced their limits to 18$50 on shore, at which figure sales have been combined to be made. 100 tons Umeneta were sold on 19th at 10$ f.o.b., but on receipt of European telegrams to 17th ult. 18$75 f.o.b. was the best figure obtainable on the succeeding day. 500 tons Lota per steamer were sold on 8th inst, at 18$75 f.o.b, and at the last moment buyers have been obliged to pay the same price to secure 13,000 quintals per sailing vessel.

"Flour—Prices continue to rule too high here for export to Europe, but there has been a limited demand for the East Coast, and several parcels have changed hands at rates varying from 6$77½ to 1 per 200lb less 6 p% according to brand. The market closes firm at 5$80 to 7$ for Southern, and 7$ to 7$50 for Santiago brands.

Nitrate of Soda—No sales have been made, during the fortnight for delivery in Peruvian ports, as owing to the existing uncertainty about the enforcement of the monopoly, operations would be extremely hazardous. A small cargo of Antofogasta Nitrate was sold for California at 2865 f quintal.

Breadstuffs Wheat—Transactions have been heavy although to effect those holders have had to submit to much lower prices than those ruling in the previous fortnight, and judging from the course of freight prices must still decline to admit of operation for export. The principal sales have been

March 1st 10/12000 fanegas here at 3$80 ob coasters.
Do 700 fan. do 3$87½ on shore.
" B. Silver 10$4 to 10$42½.
" Exchange on London 44d. 60 d/o. 44¼ to 44½ 90 d/o.
" Do Paris 462½ do 465 to 469½ do.
"Freights-Suitable vessels for grain are in demand, and a marked advance has been paid I quote to-day—
" Breadstuffs 60/ a 65/ Liverpool.
" Copper produce 52/6 a 60/ to direct port.
" Dead weight 20/
" Nitrate 50/ Liverpool
52/6 D., K. } quite nomnial.
55/ Cont.
60/ N. York
"Coals—Arrivals have been limited, and smelting are in demand, importers expecting to obtain $12 for first arrivals.
"Sales are as follows—
"Lady of the Lake 461 Cardiff a 10$62½ Chañaval.
"Star of the West 535 do p. t. Caldera.
"Gueridoline 548 Cardiff do do

NORTH PLAZA.

April 10, 1873.

In the Once to-day up to 12 o'clock there were some few transactiones effected, but without importance We remark a difference between a well known broker, and barraquero, about the sale of a small pile of nutria skins in the plaza, it appears the buyer wishing to deal for the skins, and seeing no competition in the market (being a holiday) thought to take an advantage of the broker, and have the skins cheap much under their average value, the broker seeing through the thing at once, asked much more than the skins were really worth, and being of a rather hot temper, after a fair amount of cross-fire, he turned indignantly to his clerk, and said, take and send these skins to deposits, and leave them till they rot sooner than sell them to such a buyer, whereupon the buyer contested, it was better if all the produce a ready deposited was disposed of at first offers—exit broker.

Friday, April 11th.

Market completely closed.

Saturday, April 12th.

Up to 12 o'clock market closed, after that hour we noticed various lots of wool and wheat going to deposit.

Station very heavily stocked with all kinds of produce whence we may expect a stir among the brokers on Monday.

DEATH.

On Thursday, 10th inst., after a lingering illness, Arthur de Freitas Amorim, aged 12½ years, eldest son of M. A. de Freitas Amorim, Esq., of this city.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERBATIONS,

Reduced to 0° Cels

BUENOS AYRES

		Bar.	Therm
April 9	at 8 p.m.	763.71	18° 2 Cels
" 10	8 a.m.	762.64	19° 6
"	2 p.m.	760.58	21° 8
"	8 p.m.	760.08	20° 2
" 11	8 a.m.	761.16	13° 6
"	2 p.m.	761.40	14° 2
"	8 p.m.	762.97	12° 0
" 12	8 a.m.	763.27	10° 4
"	2 p.m.	764.12	13° 2

April 11, at 8 a.m.—6 mill. rain.

Dupuy's Brandy.

Real Estate and Dupuy's Brandy are the two most saleable articles in this market to-day.

BARON y BRIET, the Agents, hold now both camp and town. There's no other Brandy drunk in cafe, casino, hotel, or camp pulperia; and such is the demand from the camp, that at the Plaza Once immense piles of boxes are ranged along the deposits waiting for waggons.

BARRAN y BRIET,
Sole Agents,
No. 115 Cuyo.

MRS J. J. CURTIS,

PROFESSOR OF THE PIANOFORTE AND SINGING,

Begs to inform her Pupils and Friends that she has

REMOVED

TO

183 CALLE RECONQUISTA.

cj—65 3p a9

DRAUGHTSMAN.

PLANS COPIED, Drawings made, or Tracings Colored of Elevations, Sections or Machinery with accuracy and despatch. Also Estimates, Specifications and Extraction of quantities.

Address 'Surveyor,' care of Hibbert and Co., 115½ Calle Florida.

1 63 1m a9

GEORGE OGG,

SAID to have died at Paraná three or four years ago, and believed to be at one time a prisoner in Paraguay.

Any information respecting the above will be gladly received by the undersigned,

FRANK PARISH, H.B.M. Consul.
British Consulate, Buenos Ayres,
March 29, 1873. cj—74 12p a10

SELECT LESSONS

In English, French, and Spanish; the Ladies Queen's Italian Running Hand; the Gentleman's bold Commercial Hand-writing; Bookkeeping and Accounts.

An Evening Class from 7 to 10, at 189 ARTES.

O'DWYER & COMPANY.

cj 1m, m8—146

HOUSEMAID or CHILDREN'S MAID.—A respectable Englishwoman requires a situation as above; or would undertake the education of children in the Camp. Respectable references

Address M N. Standard Office.

h..3p a9

TWO SERVANTS REQUIRED.

TWO English servants required at once. No. 59 Calle Temple.

e | 50 3p 10a.

A LADY, desirous of returning to England, would be willing to give her services as Companion, or otherwise, during the voyage, in return for a free passage. Address, under cover, to Rev. F. N. Lett, English Church, Calle 25 de Mayo.

cj—52 3p a8

AN English Lady, Professor of the Piano, wishes to give lessons. Apply at the Almacen de Musica, Florida 10.

cj—58 3p a8

JUST RECEIVED

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

PLATED GOODS.

WATER PITCHERS.

Tea Sets.

Lavatorio Sets.

DINING KNIVES, FORKS, SPOONS, &c.

Including Novelties in Design.

BAILEY, WILE, & CO.,
(Formerly Bate and Livingston),
76 — SAN MARTIN — 76
In front of Argentine Bank.

cj—

RIBBBON STAMPS.

French Stamps of all kinds.

Engraving of all kinds.

BAILEY, WILE, & CO.,
76—SAN MARTIN—76
In front of Argentine Bank.
cj—164 xp m9

TO SMOKERS.

Just Received,
A further supply
Of the highly-appreciated
Tobacco,
"The Richmond Smoking Mixture."

Fragrant Havanna Cigars.

VIRGINIA CAKE TOBACCO,
of the famous mark,
"THE KNIGHT OF THE RED CROSS"

COPE'S FINE CIGARETOS,
Peerless and Boquet Brands.

The Cheapest
Virginia Cake Tobacco
In Buenos Ayres,
Mark,
"GRAPE JUICE."

JEWEL TWIST TOBACCO,
In Silver Foil.

GERMAN AND BAHIA CIGARS.
20 different Brands,
Each manufactured in South America.

CHOICE MANILLA CHEROOTS.

BEAR'S VIRGINIA BIRDS EYE,
Unrivalled as Cigarette Tobacco,
In 2 and 4 ounce Baskets.

Booth & Stevens
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
193½ —CALLE FLORIDA— 193½
cj—m11

SUMMER GOODS.

AT THE

New English Drapery
AND
Clothing Establishment.

179—CALLE POTOSI—179
(*Between Calles Peru and Bolivar.*)

Our Summer Goods are now being Cleared Out
at
COST PRICE,
in order to make room for our
FALL AND WINTER IMPORTATIONS.

WATSON & MacCALLUM,
Importers & Retailers of
DRAPERY AND CLOTHING,
179—POTOSI—179
cj—236 xp m16

TEA! TEA! TEA!

$20. 20. 20.

In Packets of One Pound.

A TRIAL ONLY REQUISITE.

ENGLISH BAZAAR
61—Calle Florida—61
cj—7 xp f16

CASA QUINTA.

TO LET—The well-known and commodious Casa Quinta 'Casa Amarilla,' situated on the Boca Road, containing seven rooms besides three servants' rooms, cellars, kitchen pigeon-house, stables, alghe, etc., with a square or more of land to suit tenants.

Apply to J. P. Boyd and Co., San Martin 56.

h..56 5 p a 8

TO LET—For a Single Gentleman, a nice airy room, the use of a sitting room and piano. For 500 m/c. per month, Board if required. A first servant in attendance The house is new, and a few squares from the Plaza Victoria, in Calle San Martin. Apply for address at the office of this paper, A. C.

1 69 6p a0

TO LET two pleasant rooms (front) with fireplace.

Apply 82 Calle Parque, bajos

e—82 3p 10a

TO LET—A Furnished Room. Apply at No. 296 Calle Esmeralda.

h..87 15 p a10

TO LET—A nicely Furnished Sitting-room and Bedroom for a married couple, with use of k

J. & E. ATKINSON,

WHOLESALE AND EXPORT PERFUMERY AND FANCY SOAP MANUFACTURERS,

24 OLD BOND-STREET, LONDON.

PRICE MEDAL.

LONDON, 1862.

The only Silver Medal for English Perfumery, Paris, 1867.
"CORDOVA EXHIBITION, 1872.
Messrs. J. & E. Atkinson's Goods obtained the only Medal for Perfumery."

PRIZE MEDAL.

PARIS, 1867.

"SILVER MEDAL LIMA, 1872."

ESTABLISHED 1799.
PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

N.B.—All Perfumes, Eau de Cologne, Florida Water, Lavender Waters, &c are now manufactured in bond, and greatly increased discount allowed thereon.

CAUTION—Messrs. J. & E. Atkinson's goods are largely counterfeited, orders should therefore be sent direct through Commission Houses of repute. Their goods are kept by all respectable dealers throughout the world

ATKINSON'S CELEBRATED EAU DE COLOGNE,
Is manufactured in "Bond" and shipped duty free.
ATKINSON'S FLORIDA WATER,
Is also manufactured in "Bond," and shipped duty free.
ATKINSON'S YLANG YLANG,
Atkinson's Fraugipanne, Trevol, and all other Perfumes,
Are manufactured in "Bond," and shippodduty free.
Atkinson's Brown Windsor Soap. Atkinson's Bear's Grease.
Atkinson's Cold Cream. Atkinson's Sachet Powders.
Atkinson's Circassian Rose Opiate for the Teeth.
Atkinson's Violet Powder. Atkinson's Rose Toilet Powder
Atkinson's Perfumed Hair Oils of all odours.

Agents:
SAMUEL HORNER AND CO.,
BUENOS AYRES. 9—o1j7

SAVINGS BANK

BANK MAUA AND CO.

101--Calle Cangallo--103

BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current is now so generally felt and appreciated in the great emporiums of the River Plate, Montevideo, and Buenos Ayres, that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place the most confidence.

The Bank of Maná & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working classes in that city a safe and profitable depository for their savings.

The sums deposited in that very important institution are daily increasing, and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of clerks artisans, working men, and servants of all classes and conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a reserve fund in case of need sickness, or old age, instead of spending them in immoral gambling, in lotteries, and other rivolities.

The Bank of Maná & Co. of this city, following the same facilities in this city, and has opened a Savings Bank at No. 103 Calle Cangallo from Nine a.m. till Three p.m. every day, for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned, Sundays and holidays excepted.

The Bank will deliver to each depositors a pass book, in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.

The depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sum deposited; in the former case the interes will be calculated up to date.

The Bank of Maná & Co. is sufficiently known to the Public by the benefit derived from the course of its operations, which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles, and always directed to promote the general welfare.

The Bank of Maná & Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighborhood.

Buenos Ayres, 2nd January, 1867.

P. P. MAUA & Co.,

M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM

CONDITIONS.

First.—The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency or one Silver Dollar upwards.

Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6 p. %) per annum, which is liquidated every six months.

Third—The depositors can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited.

Fourth—Once the money deposited exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars currency, or one thousand dollars silver, the depositor, if he wish can open an account current, according to the rules established by the Bank.

Fifth—In case the depositor loses his pass book it can be replaced by another on paying twelve dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

P. P. Maua & Co.

A. M. DE FREITAS AMORIM.
32

Ferro-Carril de B. Ayres Y Puerto de Ensenada

AVISO.

Desde el 15 de Mayo el Servicio de los Trenes sera como sigue—

SALIDAS

Salen de la Estacion Central para Quilmes a las 7.50, 10.30, 2.30, 5.5 y 8.10.

Salen de la Estacion Central para Las Lomas de Zamora, y estaciones del Ferro Carril del Sud, parando en todas las Estaciones intermediarias, 7.50, 10.30, 2.30, 3.20, 4.35, 5.5 y 8.10.

Salen de la Estacion Central para Ensenada a las 7.50.

Salen de la Estacion Central para la Boca en la hora desde las 7.0 de la mañana hasta las 7 de la noche inclusive.

Salen de la Estacion Central para Barracas a las 7.0, 7.50, 9.0, 10.30, 11.0, 1.50, 2.30 3.20, 4.35, 5.5, 6.10, 8.10.

Ademas los Domingos y dias de iFesta, funcionaran los Trenes abajo mencionados—

Sale para Las Lomas y Burzaco, parando en todas las Estaciones intermediarias, 9.30 y 12.10

Sale para Ensenada a las 2.30.

REGRESOS

Regresan de Quilmes a las 6.30, 9.0, 11 50, 3.30, 7.20.

Regresan de las Lomas, parando en todas las Estaciones intermediarias, 7.33, 9.0, 12 0, 3.35 4.58, 6.37, 7.34, 9.25.

Regresan de la Ensenada a las 5.30 p.m.

Regresando la Boca cada hora desde las 6.40 de la mañana hasta las 6 40 de la tarde.

Regresan de Barracas a las 7.7, 7.56, 9.24, 9.20, 11.30, 12.35, 1.30' 3.0, 4.4, 5.34, 7.4, 8.0, 9.64.

Los Domingos y Dias de Fiesta, funcionaran los trenes abajo mencionados—

Regresan de las Lomas de Zamora, pasando en todas Estaciones intermediarias, 11.3 a.m. y 2.38 p.m.

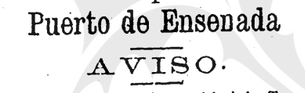
Regresa de la Ensenada a las 2.0 de la tarde.

LA ADMINISTRACION.

1 227 1m m16

BRABY'S CORRUGATED GALVANISED SHEETS,

Are of the best possible description, and of the very lowest price. Each is set warranted perfect.



BRABY'S ITALIAN ROOFING ZINC,
Perforated Zinc, Sheet Zinc.
Iron Tanks, Iron Houses and Huts,

Illustrated Price Lists, Free on application.

FREDERICK BRABY & CO.,
(Limited.)
FITZROY WORKS. EUSTON-ROAD,
LONDON, and at DEPFORD.
cj—y 20

(2.)

CAUTION.

BETT'S PATENT CAPSULES

The Public are respectfully cautioned that BETT'S Patent Capsules are being infringed.

BETT'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad.

And he is the ONLY INVENTOR and SOLE MAKER in the United Kingdom.

Manufactories:
1 WHARF-ROAD, CITY ROAD
LONDON,
AND
BORDEAUX, FRANCE.
cj—o18

J. THOMPSON'S

KALYDOR SOAP

Contains a large per centage of Glycerine in combination with other ingredients of the most Emollient kind.

By the constant use of this Soap, the ill effects of extreme climates upon the complexion will be prevented, and a youthful softness and freshness imparted.

The Perfume is Rich and Enduring

Prices—4d. and 6d. per Tablet, and in Boxes of Three Cakes, 1s. and 1s. 6d, the Box.

Factory:
12 SOUTHAMPTON-ROW, LONDON.
Wholesale and for Exportation.

Sold in Buenos Ayres by
CRANWELL and MURRAY, 66 Reconquista
L. L. JONES and CO., 60 Florida.
CRANWELL, Brothers, 30 Rivadavia.
f—10y

DYSENTERY, CHOLERA, FEVER AND COUGHS, COLDS, &c.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S
(Ex Army Med. Staff)
CHLORODYNE
IS THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. P. Wood stated that Dr. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the Inventor of CHLORODYNE that the story of the Defendant, Freeman, being the inventor was deliberately untrue, which he regretted had been sworn to. Eminent Hospital Physicians of London stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was the discoverer of Chlorodyne, that they prescribe it largely, and mean no other than Dr. Browne's.—*The Times*, July 12, 1864.

The Public, therefore, are cautioned against using any other than

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE

REMEDIAL USES AND ACTION.

THIS INVALUABLE REMEDY produces quiet, refreshing sleep, relieves pain, calms the system, restores the deranged functions, and stimulates healthy action of the secretions of the body, without creating any of those unpleasant results attending the use of opium. Old and young may take it at all hours and times when requisite. Thousands of persons testify to its marvellous good effects and wonderful cures, while Medical men extol its virtues most extensively using it in great quantities in the following diseases:—

Diseases in which it is found eminently useful—Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Colics, Coughs, Asthma, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Cough, Cramp, Hysteric, &c.

EXTRACTS FROM MEDICAL OPINIONS.

The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in Cholera was Chlorodyne.—See *Lancet* Dec. 31, 1864.

From A. Montgomery, Esq., late Inspector of Hospitals, Bombay:—"Chlorodyne is a most valuable remedy in Neuralgia, Asthma and Dysentery. To it I fairly owe my restoration to health after 18 month's severe suffering, and when other remedies had failed."

Dr. Lowe, Medical Missionary in India, reports [Dec. 1865] "that nearly every case of Cholera in which Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne was administered the patient recovered.

Extract from *Medical Times*, Jan. 12, 1866.—"Chlorodyne is prescribed by scores of orthodox medical practitioners. Of course it would not thus be singularly popular did it not 'supply a want and fill a place.'"

Extract from the General Board of Health London, as to its efficacy in Cholera.—"So strong are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases."

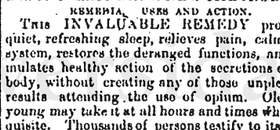
Beware of spurious and dangerous compounds sold as CHLORODYNE, from which frequent fatal results have followed.

See leading article, *Pharmaceutical Journal* Aug. 1, 1869, which states that Dr. J. Collis Browne was the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that it is always right to use his preparation when Chlorodyne is ordered.

CAUTION.—None genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bott'

Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT,
GREAT RUSSELL STREET,
33 Bloomsbury, London.
Sold in bottles at
1s 1½d, 2s 9d, and 4s 6d.

Agents:
LLEWELYN L. JONES & CO.,
55—Calle Florida—55.



DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA
Is the greatest remedy for
Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, and Bilious Affections;
It is the Physician's cure for
GOUT, RHEMMATIC GOUT, GRAVEL,
And all other complaints of the bladder.
And as a safe and gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and for th sickness of Prognancy,
DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA
Is indispencable.

DINNEFORD and CO.,
Chemists,
172 NEW BOND-STREET, LONDON.
N.B. Ask for "DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA."

Agent
RUFFIER MARTELET
56, Ruada Assamblée, Rio de Janeiro.
cj—f 18

LINCOLNSHIRE LONG-WOOLLED SHEEP.

Supplied by Mr. Kirkham, Audleby, Caistor, Lincolnshire, England, on reference to LONDON. cj—m28

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGE

Upwards of fifty years' experience has full confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges, in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies.

Sold in boxes, tins, and bottles.

KEATING'S WORM TABLET,
A purely VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation and is especially adapted for children.

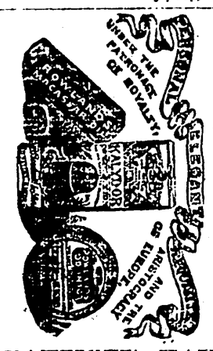
KEATING'S
PERSIAN INSECT
DESTROYING POWDER

The Powder is quite harmless to Animal Life, but is unrivalled in destroying Fleas, Bugs, Cockroaches, Beetles, Mosquitos, and every other species of insect. TRADE MARK.

Sold in packets, tins, and bottles of various sizes.

☞ The public are particularly requested to observe, that all the above preparations bear the M Trademark, as herein shown.

Sold by all Chemists and Druggists.
oj | 62p, m31h



BEAUTIFUL HAIR

Can only be obtained by the use of Rowland's Macassar Oil. It prevents the Hair falling off or turning grey, strengthens weak hair, causes it to grow on bald places, and makes it beautifully soft, pliable, and glossy. Price 3s. 6d., 7s., 10s. 6d. equal to four small, and 21s. per bottle.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.

Ask for Rowland's Macassar Oil, and avoid all other cheap articles under the same or similar names as spurious imitations. Each Bottle has a "Glass Stopper" in place of the Cork, as formerly. All with the "Cork" are spurious imitations. This notice is deemed necessary, as the Proprietors have received intimation that a large quantity of Counterfeit, of the most pernicious quality, has lately been sent from France and Germany to India, South America, and the Colonies, under their names.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION

Is obtained by the use of Rowland's Kalydor, which allays all irritation and tenderness of the skin, removes cutaneous disfigurements, freckles, and tan, and imparts a healthy and blooming appearance to the complexion and skin. During the heat and dust of Summer especially, and in cases of Sunburn and Stings of Insects, it is of the utmost use. Price 4s 6d. and 8s. 6d. per bottle. Ask for "Rowland's Kalydor," and see that their signature is in red ink on every bottle, as theirs is the only genuine.

WHITE AND SOUND TEETH

Are indispensable to personal attraction, and e health and longevity, by the proper mastication of food. Rowland's Odonto or Pearl Dentifrice preserves and imparts a pearl-like whiteness to the teeth, eradicates tartar and spots of incipient decay, strengthens the gums, and gives a pleasing fragrance to the breath. Price 2s. 9d. per box. Ask for "Rowland's Odonto," and see that their name is on the Government Stamp of every box.

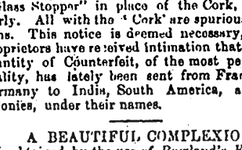
ROWLAND'S ESSENCE OF TYRE

Never fails to produce imediately a perfect change in Red or Grey Hair, Whiskers, Eyebrows, &c., to a beautiful glossy and permanent Brown or Black, which colour remains so durable that neither washing or perspiration can remove it. Price 4s., 7s. 6d, and 10s. 6d per bottle.

All these articles have been used and justly appreciated by all the Sovereigns and Courts of Europe, the Pope of Rome, and the aristocracy of Europe during the last seventy years, being of inestimable value to those who have once used them. They are sold by all Chemists, Perfumers, and Bazaars, throughout India, the Colonies, and South American.

20 A ROWLAND & SON,
Hatton Garden, London,
PROPRIETORS. cj—sl

LAMPS LAMPS



FOR KEROSINE—PETROLEUM—PARAFFIN.

WRIGHT AND BUTLER,
Manufacturers and Exporters,
BIRMINGHAM.

Photographs and Books on application. Greatly improved designs.
American Burners if desired. Chandeliers in great variety.
Patentees of the celebrated
"ECLIPSE."—NO CHIMNEY BURNER!

All Orders must be sent through an English house, or accompanied by 60 days' draft.
cj—f 28

MARSHALL, SONS, AND CO (LIMITED),
BRITANNIA IRON WORKS,
GAINSBOROUGH,
ENGLAND,
Manufacturers of
PORTABLE STEAM ENGINE
Suitable for Mining Contractors and Agricultural purposes,
STEAM THRASHING MACHINERY,
Combining the highest efficiency, with strength and durability in working.
SAWING, GRINDING, AND PUMPING MACHINERY,
Embodying all modern improvements.

M. S. and Co. have received the following important AWARDS for the excellence of their special manufactures,
GOLD MEDAL, PARIS EXHIBITION, 1867,
With upwards of Sixty other Gold and Silver Medals, and numerous money Prizes, including—First Prize of £50 for best Thrashing Machine, Doncaster, 1865, and Prizes at the trial of the Royal Agricultural Society of England 1867 and 1870, for Thrashing Machines, Fixed Steam Engines, and Corn-grinding Mills.

Illustrated Catalogues in English, French, German, and Spanish, can be obtained at the Office of this Journal, or on application to the Works, Gainsborough, free of charge.

54wpl4

BRAGG'S VEGETABLE CHARCOAL, OR PURE CARBON

Is one of the most effectual Preservers of Health
Ever offered to the Public.
By its action in absorbing all impure gases in the stomach and bowels, it affords speedy relief in all cases of
ACIDITY, BYLE, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, IMPURE BREATH, &c,
And is invaluable in cases of, and is the best known preventative to Yellow and other Fevers, It is largely used and recommended by all the highest medical authorities in England.
Sold in Bottles by
J. L. BRAGG, 2, Wigmore-street, Cavendish-square, London.

Agent for Buenos Ayres,
Messrs. CRANWELL and MURRAY.
oj—my 11

D. MASON & SONS.

(Late D. MASON and CO.)

Manufacturers of every description of

SADDLES, BRIDLES,
HARNESS, WHIPS,
PORTMANTEAUS, &c

Specially suitable for the
SOUTH AMERICAN MARKETS

BRIDLE CUTTERS.
CURRIERS and JAPANNERS.
SADDLERS, IRONMONGERS
CIGAR-CASE MAKERS.
ARMY CONTRACTORS.

BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND.

Orders received through English Merchants
—d28—

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMERY

PATRONISED BY ALL THE WORLD.

Rimmel's Ihlang-Ihlang, Vanda, Henna Jockey Club; Frangipane, and other Perfumes of exquisite fragaance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitory properties.

Rimmel's Eau de Cologne, Florida, and Toilet Water.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Aquadentine, for whitening the Teeth, refreshing the Mouth, and purifying the Breath.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Almond, Windsor, and other Toilo Soaps.

Rimmel's Rose Water, Costume, Fan, Oracular Lottery, Conversational, and Floral Crackers, very amusing for parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose leaf, Rice, Velveteen, and other Toilet Powders.

A liberal allowance to Shippers. Trade List at 76 Strand.

EUGENE RIMMEL,
Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales.

96 STRAND; 128 REGENT-STREET, and 24 CORNHILL, LONDON;
17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. cj..jy24

OAKEY'S SILVERSMITHS' SOAP

(NON-MERCURIAL)

FOR CLEANSING and POLISHING SILVER, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass etc.
Tablets 6d. each.

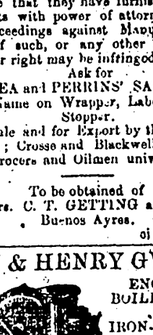
OAKEY'S WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Latest Knife Machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with a most brilliant polish equal to new cutlery. Sold in packets, 2½ each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s each.

OAKEY'S INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS

Prevent friction, the cleanest and safest way to knife. Price from 1s. 6d. each. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards
Sold everywhere by Grocers, Ironmongers, Brushmakers, Oilmen, Chemists &c. Wholesale by
JOHN OAKEY & SONS,
Manufacturers of
EMERY CLOTH BLACK LEAD CABINET GLASS PAPER &c.
172, Blackfriars Road, London.

W. M. YOUNGER & CO



INDIA PALE ALE.

Unsurpassed for Delicacy of Aroma, Excellent Tonic Properties, and Keeping Qualities.

Breweries—EDINBURGH.

London Offices—
BELVEDERE-ROAD, S.E.
Established 1749.

LEA and PERRIN'S
Celebrated
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE
Declared by Connoisseurs to be
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

Ask for
LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,
And to see that their names are upon the "Wrapper, Label, Stopper and Bottle."

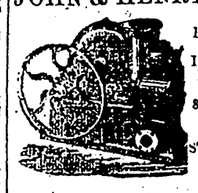
Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for
LEA and PERRINS' SAUCE,
And see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

To be obtained of
Messrs. C. T. GETTING and CO.,
Buenos Ayres.
oj | 63pwg2

JOHN & HENRY GWYNNE



ENGINEERS,
BOILER-MAKERS
And
IRON-FOUNDERS,
HAMMERSMITH IRON WORKS,
89 CANNON-ST.,
London, E.C.,
Manufacturers of
STEAM ENGINES
Portable
And Fixed.
Boilers, Centrifugal Pumps,
Tubbine Water Wheels, Pumping Engines, and every description of Machinery for Drainage, Irrigation, and Reclamation,
PUMPING MACHINERY
For DOCKS, &c.
Hydraulic Presses,
Gunpowder and Mining Machinery;
Sheep and Wool-washing Machinery; Steam and Hand Crane
Sugar Machinery; Flour and Wind-mills
Boiler Works, &c.

☞ Catalogues and Estimates will be forwarded on application to their Offices.

89 CANNON-STREET, E.C.
LONDON cj—jy17

SALTO, 104.

SE COMPRAN muebles usados o nuevos, y juegos de sala, aposento, comedor, pianos—en fin, muebles de toda clase,
d 376 1m m30

AUCTION,

BY

A. Bullrich and Co.

MARTINEZ STATION.

Northern Railway.

Splendid lots on the barranca on both sides of the line.

The most stunning sites on the river.

Train for nothing.

On Sunday 13th [Easter Sunday] we will sell to the highest bidder, without reserve 30 or 40 lots of from 25 to 27 front by 60 to 90 depth.

There are no such land lots in the Province, and up to the present such picturesque sites have never come under the hammer.

We should like to describe their beauties, so familiar to diurnal travellers on the Northern Railway, in order to do our duty and set forth the prodigious advantages they offer. In no other place can barranca with 6 varas on the level and 30 on the Majestic Plate be found, with water for nothing.

The Martinez Station is the prettiest place on the line, and the tramway from Belgrano to the Tigre will pass in front of the sites offered. There are good roads on all sides of the property, and trees are being planted in every direction. Mr Dawney C. E. is drawing up a plan of irrigation, in fact there is no hing wanting that will not be supplied.

Express train at 11½ a. m. and home at 2.60.

LOTS OF BEER.

c | 44 8p a6

Judicial Sale

AT
CALLE VICTORIA 71

The Ground known as that
OF
CORNELIO ROSENDI
In the Partido of Mercedes
ON
On Wednesday the 16th of April
At 2 o'clock p. m.

640 square squares of fine pasture land, with 5 brick pueston, 2 slaughter houses, one granaria, a litter of pigs, troop of horses, some horned cattle, and a flock of sheep.

It is bounded on the North by municipal lands, on the East by Mr. John Connor, on the West by Dn Viviana Bermudez, and on the South by Juan Saviña.

For farther particulars apply to the auctioneer's office—
MA HADO FERRER & CO.,
Or at the
Escribania de Risso.
1 43 10p a6

Estancia for Sale.

A league of camp situate, 3 leagues from the town of Chascomus and one and half league from the Gandora estate adjoining the estancia Las mulas.

There are five squares wired in with the best wire and nandubay posts 3 yards distants.

The estancia house is roofed with six rooms and stable, coach-house, kitchen the whole surrounded by peach trees. Also a four wheeled carriage, a tilbury and one horse cart, plough harness &c.

ANOTHER.

Sheep run seven squares front by 10 deep with brick puestos.

For terms apply
Dn. PATRICIO WALLACE,
on the Estancia, or
To MR. JOHN. WALKER,
97 Defensa 97.

c | 64 1m 9a.

GWYNNE AND CO
ENGINEER.

ESSEX-STREET WORKS,
STRAND, LONDON.

Manufacture of the very best quality.

Artesian Well-boring Tools, &c.
Beale's Patent Gas Exhausters and Blowers
Boilers of all power and forms.
Gwynne's Patent Centrifugal Pumps, all sizes.
Pumping Machinery for Docks; Canals, &c.
Hydraulic Presses, Lifts, Pumps, and Rams.
Iron Bridges, Caissons, Houses, and Stores.
Pumping Engines for supply of Towns, Factories, Estates, Canals, &c.
Engines, Portable and Fixed, of all powers.
Irrigation Pumps of all sizes and forms.
Sheep-washing Machinery.
Horse-clipping Machines.
Turbine Water Wheels and Pumping Machinery (Girard's celebrated Patents.)
This Machinery has had Twenty Prize Medals at the Exhibitions of the first Cities and Countries in the World.
Illustrated Catalogues with 210 Engravings forwarded on receipt of 1s. in stamps.
Pipes in Cast and Wrought-iron and Copper, Leather and other Hose, &c.
Coffee Machinery for complete treatment of Coffee.
Street Pumps and Lamps, plain and ornamental.
Wind-mills and Wind-power Pumping Machinery.
Screw Presses and Jacks, Oil and Wine Presses, &c.
Drainage and Irrigating Machinery, Floating and Fixed. cj—my8

Carmen de Areco.

IN THIS Flourishing Camp Town, the centre of rural riches, the home of pastoral magnicence, the flower garden of bucolic prosperity, here whose Health, Peace and Happiness may be said to have taken up their headquarters,

DON MANUEL HORTAL TORROBA,

so well and favorably known to the foreign residents of Mercedes and Chivilcoy, has established a

GENERAL CAMP STORE,

where sheep-shears, twine, tea, coffee, &c., are retailed at the

LOWEST PRICES.

NB.—All kinds of produce bought.

All the necessaries, and most of the luxuries of life, can be had here at Buenos Ayres prices, viz, the best Congou or Orange Pekoe, Oatmeal, Coffee, Sugar, Currants, Pickles, Old Irish Whiskey, Brandy, Biscuits, Iron Ware, and an infinity of other articles too numerous to mention, but which are always in Stock.

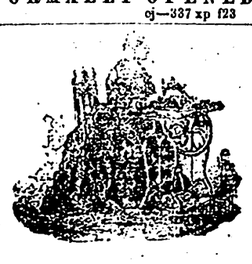
cj—53 xp a8 9

English Roman Catholic COLLEGE.

MERCEDES.

Under the Direction
of
THE REV. A. MCNAMARA.

The above Institution is now
FORMALLY OPENED.
cj—337 xp f23



SEWING MACHINES.

A large and varied assortment on hand. Warranted to work well. They are all of the best inventions, and of different prices.

JOHN SHAW,
206—Veneela—206. 54

DOG LOST

A Black and Tan Terrier stole on Tuesday evening in Calle Victoria. One hundred dollars reward will be paid to any person bringing it to 60 Corrientes.

1 79 3p a10

THE STANDARD—PRINTED and PUBLISHED every MORNING at the *Standard Printing Office* 118 Calle San Martin, Buenos Ayres, by the Proprietors and Editors, M. G. and E. T MULHALL.

DEPARTURES.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY,

In combination with the ENSENADA LINE and the CITY OF BUENOS AYRES TRAMWAYS.

From the 15th March, 1873, until further notice, the trains will run as follows:

STATIONS.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Paseo de Julio	7 0	9 30	10 30	12 10	2 30	3 20	3 37	4 57	4 35	5 5	6 28	7 37	8 16	11 0	12 6
Venezuela	7 55	9 33	10 33	12 13	2 33	3 23	3 41	5 0	4 38	5 8	6 32	7 41	8 19	11 3	12 9
Estpalme con F. C.E.	8 20		10 62	12 38	2 52		4 7	5 10	4 51	5 24	6 54	7 55	8 32	11 16	12 22
Tramway, Calle Lima	8 0	9 30	10 31	12 8	2 34	3 14	4 14	5 20	4 34	5 6	6 25	7 35	8 30	11 6	12 12
Plaza Constitucion	8 20	9 46	10 50	12 24	2 50	3 30	4 50	6 0	4 50	5 20	6 40	7 50	8 45	11 20	12 26
	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.
Barracas al Norte	8 27	9 55	10 57	12 31	2 58	3 37	4 57	6 28	5 5	5 35	7 37	8 27	9 25	12 0	1 0
Barracas al Sud	8 32	9 59	11 0	12 35	3 2	3 41	5 0	6 32	5 8	5 38	7 41	8 50	9 28	12 3	1 3
Lanus	8 45	10 12	11 12	12 47	3 16	3 54	5 10	6 42	5 18	5 48	7 54	9 0	9 38	12 13	1 13
Lomas de Zamora	9 0	10 21	11 21	1 0	3 35	4 4	5 20	6 50	5 27	5 57	8 3	9 9	9 47	12 22	1 22
Burzaco	9 4	10 27	11 27	1 4		4 7	5 27	6 53	5 31	6 0	8 6	9 12	9 50	12 25	1 25
Adrogue	9 11	10 31	11 31	1 11		4 14	5 31	6 58	5 40	6 10	8 13	9 19	9 57	12 32	1 32
Temperley	9 18	10 40	11 40	1 18		4 20	5 40	7 5	5 50	6 20	8 20	9 26	10 5	12 39	1 39
Altamirano (arrives)	9 10														
" (leaves)	P.M.														
	12 19														
Gaudiers	12 3														
Chascomus	12 36														
Ranchos															
Villanueva	1 0														
Salado	1 46														
Chaf	2 6														
San Pedro	2 43														
Rosas	3 26														
Las Flores	4 2														
	4 40														

Los Domingos y Dias de Fiesta solamente

Los Domingos y Dias de Fiestas solamente

STATIONS.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Las Flores															
Rosas															
San Pedro															
Chaf															
Salado															
Villanueva															
Ranchos															
Chascomus															
Gaudiers															
Altamirano (arrives)															
" (leaves)															
Temperley															
Adrogue															
Burzaco															
Lomas de Zamora															
Lanus															
Barracas al Sud															
Barracas al Norte															
Plaza Constitucion	8 6														
	9 30														
Tramway, Calle Lima	9 40														
Empalme con F.C.E.	8 4														
Estpalme con F.C.E.	8 15														
	8 21														
	9 42														

Los Domingos y Dias de Fiestas solamente

STATIONS.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Las Flores															
Rosas															
San Pedro															
Chaf															
Salado															
Villanueva															
Ranchos															
Chascomus															
Gaudiers															
Altamirano (arrives)															
" (leaves)															
Temperley															
Adrogue															
Burzaco															
Lomas de Zamora															
Lanus															
Barracas al Sud															
Barracas al Norte															
Plaza Constitucion	9 30														
Tramway, Calle Lima	9 40														
Empalme con F.C.E.															
Estpalme con F.C.E

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY,

In combination with the ENSENADA LINE and the CITY OF BUENOS AYRES TRAMWAYS.

From the 15th March, 1873, until further notice, the trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURES.

STATIONS.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Paseo de Julio	7 0	....	....	12 10	2 30	3 20	4 35	5 5	6 4	7 37	....
Ensenada	7 55	....	....	12 13	2 33	3 23	4 38	5 8	6 44	7 27	....
Empalme con F. C.E.	8 20	....	....	12 38	2 52	....	4 51	5 24	....	8 10	....
Tramway, Calle Lima	8 0	9 30	....	12 0	2 20	3 10	4 25	5 0	6 0	7 30	....
Plaza Constitucion	8 20	9 45	....	12 20	2 40	3 30	4 45	5 20	6 20	7 50	....
Barracas al Norte	8 27	9 55	10 57	12 21	2 58	3 37	4 57	5 26	6 28	8 37	....
Barracas al Sud	8 32	9 59	11 0	12 25	3 2	3 41	5 0	5 32	6 33	8 40	....
Lanus	8 45	10 12	11 12	12 47	3 18	3 51	5 10	5 42	6 42	8 52	....
Lomas de Zamora	9 0	10 24	11 24	1 0	3 35	4 4	5 20	5 54	6 54	9 4	....
Temperley	9 4	10 27	11 27	1 4	....	4 7	5 23	5 58	6 58	9 10	....
Adrogue	9 11	10 31	11 31	1 11	3 52	4 14	5 31	6 4	7 4	....	....
Burzaco	9 18	10 40	11 40	1 18	4 9	4 20	5 40	6 10	7 10	....	....
Glew	9 31	....	....	....	4 37	....	6 0	....	7 37	....	....
San Vicente	9 57	....	....	....	5 9	....	6 20	....	8 0	....	....
Domselaar	10 25	....	....	....	5 42	....	....	....	8 27	....	....
Peirano	10 50	....	....	....	6 9	....	....	....	8 50	....	....
Jeppener	11 16	....	....	....	6 34	....	....	....	....	....	....
Altamirano (arrives)	11 38 P.M.	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....

Los Domingos y Dias de Fiesta solamente

STATIONS.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Las Flores	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Rosas	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
San Pedro	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Chas	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Salado	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Villanueva	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Ranchos	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Chascomus	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Gandara	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Altamirano (arrives)	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" (leaves)	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Jeppener	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Ferrari	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Domselaar	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
San Vicente	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Glew	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Burzaco	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Adrogue	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Temperley	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Lomas de Zamora	7 33	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Lanus	7 44	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Barracas al Sud	7 53	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Barracas al Norte	7 56	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Plaza Constitucion	8 6	....	....	9 30	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Tramway, Calle Lima	8 20	....	....	9 40	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Empalme con F. C.E.	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Ensenada	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Paseo de Julio	8 21	....	....	9 42	....	....	....	....	....	....	....

Los Domingos y Dias de Fiestas solamente

STATIONS.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Plaza Constitucion	....	....	....	11 60	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Tramway, Calle Lima	9 30	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Empalme con F. C.E.	9 40	....	....	12 4	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Ensenada	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Paseo de Julio	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Ranchos	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Villanueva	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Salado	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Chas	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
San Pedro	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Rosas	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Las Flores	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....

Los Domingos y Dias de Fiestas solamente

STATIONS.	1st Train	2nd Train	3rd Train	4th Train	5th Train	6th Train	7th Train	8th Train
Parque	7	9	11	2	5	6	7	8
11 de Setiembre	7 7	9 7	11 7	2 7	5 7	6 7	7 7	8 7
Almagro	7 15	9 15	11 15	2 15	5 15	6 15	7 15	8 15
Caballito	7 25	9 25	11 25	2 25	5 25	6 25	7 25	8 25
Flores	x7 30	x9 30	11 30	2 30	5 30	6 30	7 30	8 30
Floresta	7 35	9 35	11 35	2 35	5 35	6 35	7 35	8 35
Ramos Mejia	7 50	9 50	11 50	2 50	5 50	6 50	7 50	8 50
Moreno	8 20	10 20	12 20	3 20	6 20	7 20	8 20	....
Merlo	8 30	10 30	12 30	3 30	6 30	7 30	8 30	....
Gral Rodriguez	8 50	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Lujan	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Olivera	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Moreno, arrives	9 30	11 30	1 30	4 30	7 30	8 30	9 30	....
Merlo, leaves	9 45	11 45	1 45	4 45	7 45	8 45	9 45	....
Gral Rodriguez	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Lujan	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Olivera	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Moreno, leaves	10 0	12 0	2 0	5 0	8 0	9 0	10 0	....
Merlo, arrives	10 15	12 15	2 15	5 15	8 15	9 15	10 15	....
Gral Rodriguez	10 45	12 45	2 45	5 45	8 45	9 45	10 45	....
Merlo (leaves)	11 45	1 45	3 45	6 45	9 45	10 45	11 45	....
Moreno (arrives)	12 20	2 20	4 20	7 20	10 20	11 20	12 20	....
Ramos Mejia	12 30	2 30	4 30	7 30	10 30	11 30	12 30	....
Floresta	x8 30	x4 30	x6 30	x9 30	x11 30	x12 30	x1 30	....
Flores	9 45	3 45	5 45	8 45	11 45	1 45	2 45	....
Caballito	9 50	3 50	5 50	8 50	11 50	1 50	2 50	....
Almagro	9 59	3 59	5 59	8 59	11 59	1 59	2 59	....
11 de Setiembre	10 7	4 7	6 7	9 7	12 7	2 7	3 7	....
Parque	10 15	4 15	6 15	9 15	12 15	2 15	3 15	....

RETURNS.

STATIONS.	1st Train	2nd Train	3rd Train	4th Train	5th Train	6th Train	7th Train	8th Train
Parque	7	9	11	2	5	6	7	8
11 de Setiembre	7 7	9 7	11 7	2 7	5 7	6 7	7 7	8 7
Almagro	7 15	9 15	11 15	2 15	5 15	6 15	7 15	8 15
Caballito	7 25	9 25	11 25	2 25	5 25	6 25	7 25	8 25
Flores	x7 30	x9 30	11 30	2 30	5 30	6 30	7 30	8 30
Floresta	7 35	9 35	11 35	2 35	5 35	6 35	7 35	8 35
Ramos Mejia	7 50	9 50	11 50	2 50	5 50	6 50	7 50	8 50
Moreno	8 20	10 20	12 20	3 20	6 20	7 20	8 20	....
Merlo	8 30	10 30	12 30	3 30	6 30	7 30	8 30	....
Merlo, leaves	8 50	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Moreno, arrives	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Olivera	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Lujan	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Gral Rodriguez	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Merlo, leaves	9	9	11	2	5	6	7	8
Gral Rodriguez	9 30	9 30	11 30	2 30	5 30	6 30	7 30	8 30
Lujan	10	10 30	12 30	3 30	6 30	7 30	8 30	....
Olivera	10 30	10 30	12 30	3 30	6 30	7 30	8 30	....
Merlo, arrives	10 45	11 45	1 45	4 45	7 45	8 45	9 45	....
Merlo (leaves)	11 45	12 45	2 45	5 45	8 45	9 45	10 45	....
Moreno (arrives)	12 30	1 30	3 30	6 30	9 30	10 30	11 30	....
Ramos Mejia	x8 30	x3 30	x5 30	x8 30	x11 30	x12 30	x1 30	....
Floresta	9	4	6	9	12	2	3	....
Flores	9 15	4 15	6 15	9 15	12 15	2 15	3 15	....
Caballito	9 25	4 25	6 25	9 25	12 25	2 25	3 25	....
Almagro	9 35	4 35	6 35	9 35	12 35	2 35	3 35	....
11 de Setiembre	9 42	4 42	6 42	9 42	12 42	2 42	3 42	....
Parque	9 50	4 50	6 50	9 50	12 50	2 50	3 50	....

Passengers per Las Flores Branch have time to take refreshments at Altamirano Junction.

The City of Buenos Tramway Coaches will be in waiting for the arrival of each train to convey passengers to any part of town.

These Tickets only serve for the trains of which they are issued.

WESTERN RAILWAY.

From the 1st of March, 1873, until the 30th of April, 1873, the trains will run as follows:—

DEPARTURES.

	1st Train.	2nd Train.	3rd Train.	4th Train.	5th Train.	6th Train.	7th Train.	8th Train.
Parque	7	9	11	2	5	6	7	8
11 de Setiembre	7 7	9 7	11 7	2 7	5 7	6 7	7 7	8 7
Almagro	7 15	9 15	11 15	2 15	5 15	6 15	7 15	8 15
Caballito	7 25	9 25	11 25	2 25	5 25	6 25	7 25	8 25
Flores	x7 30	x9 30	11 30	2 30	5 30	6 30	7 30	8 30
Floresta	7 35	9 35	11 35	2 35	5 35	6 35	7 35	8 35
Ramos Mejia	7 50	9 50	11 50	2 50	5 50	6 50	7 50	8 50
Moreno	8 20	10 20	12 20	3 20	6 20	7 20	8 20	....
Merlo	8 30	10 30	12 30	3 30	6 30	7 30	8 30	....
Gral Rodriguez	8 50	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Lujan	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Olivera	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Moreno, arrives	9 30	11 30	1 30	4 30	7 30	8 30	9 30	....
Merlo, leaves	9 45	11 45	1 45	4 45	7 45	8 45	9 45	....
Gral Rodriguez	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Lujan	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Olivera	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Moreno, leaves	10 0	12 0	2 0	5 0	8 0	9 0	10 0	....
Merlo, arrives	10 15	12 15	2 15	5 15	8 15	9 15	10 15	....
Gral Rodriguez	10 45	12 45	2 45	5 45	8 45	9 45	10 45	....
Merlo (leaves)	11 45	1 45	3 45	6 45	9 45	10 45	11 45	....
Moreno (arrives)	12 30	2 30	4 30	7 30	10 30	11 30	12 30	....
Ramos Mejia	x8 30	x3 30	x5 30	x8 30	x11 30	x12 30	x1 30	....
Floresta	9	4	6	9	12	2	3	....
Flores	9 15	4 15	6 15	9 15	12 15	2 15	3 15	....
Caballito	9 25	4 25	6 25	9 25	12 25	2 25	3 25	....
Almagro	9 35	4 35	6 35	9 35	12 35	2 35	3 35	....
11 de Setiembre	9 42	4 42	6 42	9 42	12 42	2 42	3 42	....
Parque	9 50	4 50	6 50	9 50	12 50	2 50	3 50	....

RETURNS.

	1st Train	2nd Train	3rd Train	4th Train	5th Train	6th Train	7th Train	8th Train
Parque	7	9	11	2	5	6	7	8
11 de Setiembre	7 7	9 7	11 7	2 7	5 7	6 7	7 7	8 7
Almagro	7 15	9 15	11 15	2 15	5 15	6 15	7 15	8 15
Caballito	7 25	9 25	11 25	2 25	5 25	6 25	7 25	8 25
Flores	x7 30	x9 30	11 30	2 30	5 30	6 30	7 30	8 30
Floresta	7 35	9 35	11 35	2 35	5 35	6 35	7 35	8 35
Ramos Mejia	7 50	9 50	11 50	2 50	5 50	6 50	7 50	8 50
Moreno	8 20	10 20	12 20	3 20	6 20	7 20	8 20	....
Merlo	8 30	10 30	12 30	3 30	6 30	7 30	8 30	....
Merlo, leaves	8 50	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Moreno, arrives	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Olivera	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Lujan	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Gral Rodriguez	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Merlo, leaves	9	9	11	2	5	6	7	8
Gral Rodriguez	9 30	9 30	11 30	2 30	5 30	6 30	7 30	8 30
Lujan	10	10 30	12 30	3 30	6 30	7 30	8 30	....
Olivera	10 30	10 30	12 30	3 30	6 30	7 30	8 30	....
Merlo, arrives	10 45	11 45	1 45	4 45	7 45	8 45	9 45	....
Merlo (leaves)	11 45	12 45	2 45	5 45	8 45	9 45	10 45	....
Moreno (arrives)	12 30	1 30	3 30	6 30	9 30	10 30	11 30	....
Ramos Mejia	x8 30	x3 30	x5 30	x8 30	x11 30	x12 30	x1 30	....
Floresta	9	4	6	9	12	2	3	....
Flores	9 15	4 15	6 15	9 15	12 15	2 15	3 15	....
Caballito	9 25	4 25	6 25	9 25	12 25	2 25	3 25	....
Almagro	9 35	4 35	6 35	9 35	12 35	2 35	3 35	....
11 de Setiembre	9 42	4 42	6 42	9 42	12 42	2 42	3 42	....
Parque	9 50	4 50	6 50	9 50	12 50	2 50	3 50	....

N.B.—x indicates where the trains cross.

BRANCH TO LOBOS.

DEPARTURES.	1st	2nd
Parque	7 0	2 0
Morlo (arrives)	8 20	3 20
Merlo (leaves)	8 30	3 40
Paz	9 5	4 15
Las Heras	9 50	x5 0
Zapiola	10 25	5 35
Lobos	11	6 5

RETURNS	1st	2nd
Lobos	3 50	6 0
Zapiola	4 25	6 35
Las Heras	5	7 10
Paz	5 45	7 55
Merlo (arrives)	6 20	x8 30
Merlo (leaves)	6 40	8 40
Parque	8 45	10 0

J. & E. ATKINSON,

WHOLESALE AND EXPORT PERFUMERY AND FANCY SOAP MANUFACTURERS,

24 OLD BOND-STREET, LONDON.

PRICE MEDAL. LONDON, 1862.

The only Silver Medal for English Perfumery, Paris, 1867.
"CORDOVA EXHIBITION, 1872.
Messrs. J. & E. Atkinson's Goods obtained the only Medal for Perfumery."

PRIZE MEDAL. PARIS, 1867.

"SILVER MEDAL LIMA, 1872."

ESTABLISHED 1799.
PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

N.B.—All Perfumes, Eau de Cologne, Florida Water, Lavender Waters, &c are now manufactured in bond, and greatly increased discount allowed thereon.

CAUTION—Messrs. J. & E. Atkinson's goods are largely counterfeited, orders should therefore be sent direct through Commission Houses of repute. Their goods are kept by all respectable dealers throughout the world

ATKINSON'S CELEBRATED EAU DE COLOGNE,
Is manufactured in "Bond" and shipped duty free.
ATKINSON'S FLORIDA WATER,
Is also manufactured in "Bond," and shipped duty free.
ATKINSON'S YLANG YLANG.
Atkinson's Frangipanne, Trevol, and all other Perfumes,
Are manufactured in "Bond," and shipped duty free.
Atkinson's Brown Windsor Soap. Atkinson's Bear's Grease.
Atkinson's Cold Cream. Atkinson's Sachet Powders.
Atkinson's Circassian Rose Opiate for the Teeth.
Atkinson's Violet Powder. Atkinson's Rose Toilet Powder
Atkinson's Perfumed Hair Oils of all odours.

Agents:
SAMUEL HORNER AND CO.,
BUENOS AYRES. c—o1j7

SAVINGS BANK

BANK MAUA AND CO.

101--Calle Cangallo--103

BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current is now so generally felt and appreciated in the great emporiums of the River Plate, Montevideo, and Buenos Ayres, that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place the most confidence.

The Bank of Maua & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working classes in that city a safe and profitable depository for their savings.

The sums deposited in that very important institution are daily increasing, and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of clerks artisans, working men, and servants of all classes and conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a reserve fund in case of need sickness, or old age, instead of spending them in immoral gambling, in lotteries, and other frivolities.

The Bank of Maua & Co. of this city, following the example of their firm in Montevideo, the same facilities in this city, and has opened a Savings Bank at No. 103 Calle Cangallo from Nine a.m. till Three p.m. every day, for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned, Sundays and holidays excepted.

The Bank will deliver to each depositors a pass book, in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.

The depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sum deposited; in the former case the interes will be calculated up to date.

The Bank of Maua & Co. is sufficiently known to the Public by the benefit derived from the course of its operations, which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles, and always directed to promote the general welfare.

The Bank of Maua & Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighborhood.

Buenos Ayres, 2nd January, 1867.

P. P. MAUA & Co.,

M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM

CONDITIONS.

First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency or one Silver Dollar upwards, which is liquidated every six months.

Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6 p. %) per annum, which is liquidated every six months.

Third—The depositors can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited.

Fourth—Once the money deposited exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars currency, or one thousand dollars silver, the depositor, if he wish can open an account current, according to the rules established by the Bank.

Fifth—In case the depositor loses his pass book it can be replaced by another on paying twelve dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

P. P. Maua & Co.

A. M. DE FREITAS AMORIM.

32

Ferro-Carril de B. Ayres Y Puerto de Ensenada

AVISO.

Desde el 15 de Mayo el Servicio de los Trenes sera como sigue—

SALIDAS

Salen de la Estacion Central para Quilmes a las 7.50, 10.30, 2.30, 5.5 y 8.10.

Salen de la Estacion Central para Las Lomas de Zamorra, y estaciones del Ferro Carril del Sud, parando en todas las Estaciones intermediarias, 7.50, 10.30, 2.30, 3.20, 4.35, 5.5 y 8.10.

Salen de la Estacion Central para Ensenada a las 7.50.

Salen de la Estacion Central para la Boca cada hora desde las 7.0 de la mañana hasta las 7 de la noche inclusive.

Salen de la Estacion Central para Barracas a las 7.0, 7.50, 9.0, 10.30, 11.0, 1.50, 2.30 3.20, 4.35, 5.5, 6.10, 8.10.

Ademas los Domingos y dias de Fiesta, funcionaran los Trenes abajo mencionados—

Sale para Las Lomas y Burzaco, parando en todas las Estaciones intermediarias, 9.30 y 12.10

Sale para Ensenada a las 2 30.

REGRESOS

Regresan de Quilmes a las 6.30, 9.0, 11 50, 3.30, 7.20.

Regresan de las Lomas, parando en todas las Estaciones intermediarias, 7.33, 9.0, 12 0, 3.35 4.58, 6.37, 7.34, 9.25.

Regresan de la Ensenada a las 5.30 p.m.

Regresan de la Boca cada hora desde las 6.40 de la mañana hasta las 6 40 de la tarde.

Regresan de Barracas a las 7.7, 7.56, 9.24, 9.30, 11.30, 12.35, 1.30 3.0, 4.4, 5.34, 7.4, 8.0, 9.64.

Los Domingos y Dias de Fiesta, funcionaran los trenes abajo mencionados—

Regresan de las Lomas de Zamora, pasando en todas Estaciones intermediarias, 11.3 a.m. y 2.38 p.m.

Regresa de la Ensenada a las 2.0 de la tarde.

LA ADMINISTRACION.

1 227 1m m15

BRABY'S CORRUGATED GALVANISED SHEETS,

Are of the best possible description, and of the very lowest price. Each sheet warranted perfect.

BRABY'S ITALIAN ROOFING ZINC,
Perforated Zinc, Sheet Zinc.
Iron Tanks, Iron Houses and Huts,

Illustrated Price Lists, Free on application.

FREDERICK BRABY & CO.,
(Limited.)
FITZROY WORKS. EUSTON-ROAD,
LONDON, and at DEPFORD.
cj—y 20

(2.)

CAUTION.

BETT'S PATENT CAPSULES

The Public are respectfully cautioned that BETT'S Patent Capsules are being infringed.

BETT'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad.

And he is the ONLY INVENTOR and SOLE MAKER in the United Kingdom.

Manufactories:
1 WHARF-ROAD, CITY ROAD
LONDON,
AND
BORDEAUX, FRANCE.
cj—o18

J. THOMPSON'S

KALYDOR SOAP

Contains a large per centage of Glycerine in combination with other ingredients of the most Emollient kind.

By the constant use of this Soap, the ill effects of extreme climates upon the complexion will be prevented, and a youthful softness and freshness imparted.

The Perfume is Rich and Enduring

Prices—4d. and 6d. per Tablet, and in Boxes of Three Cakes, 1s. and 1s. 6d, the Box.

Factory:
12 SOUTHAMPTON-ROW, LONDON.
Wholesale and for Exportation.

Sold in Buenos Ayres by
CRANWELL and MURRAY, 66 Reconquista
L. L. JONES and CO., 60 Florida.
CRANWELL, Brothers, 30 Rivadavia.
i—10y

DYSENTERY, CHOLERA, FEVER AND COUGHS, COLDS, &c.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S
(Ex Army Med. Staff)
CHLORODYNE
IS THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. P. Wood stated that Dr. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the Inventor of CHLORODYNE but the story of the Defendant, Freeman, being the inventor was deliberately untrue, which he regretted had been sworn to. Eminent Hospital Physicians of London stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was the discoverer of Chlorodyne, that they prescribe it largely, and mean no other than Dr. Browne's.—*The Times*, July 12, 1864.

The Public, therefore, are cautioned against using any other than

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE

REMEDIA, USES AND ACTION.

THIS INVALUABLE REMEDY produces quiet, refreshing sleep, relieves pain, calms the system, restores the deranged functions, and stimulates healthy action of the secretions of the body, without creating any of those unpleasant results attending the use of opium. Old and young may take it at all hours and times when requisite. Thousands of persons testify to its marvellous good effects and wonderful cures, while Medical men extol its virtues most extensively using it in great quantities in the following diseases:—

Diseases in which it is found eminently useful—Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Colics, Coughs, Asthma, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Cough, Cramp, Hysteria, &c.

EXTRACTS FROM MEDICAL OPINIONS.

The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in Cholera was Chlorodyne.—See *Lancet* Dec. 31, 1864.

From A. Montgomery, Esq., late Inspector of Hospitals, Bombay:—"Chlorodyne is a most valuable remedy in Neuralgia, Asthma and Dysentery. To it I fairly owe my restoration to health after 18 month's severe suffering, and when other remedies had failed."

Dr. Lowe, Medical Missionary in India, reports [Dec. 1865] that nearly every case of Cholera in which Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne was administered the patient recovered.

Extract from *Medical Times*, Jan. 12, 1866.—"Chlorodyne is prescribed by scores of orthodox medical practitioners. Of course it would not thus be singularly popular did it not 'supply a want and fill a place.'"

Extract from the General Board of Health London, as to its efficacy in Cholera.—"So strong are we convinced of the immense value of his remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases."

Beware of spurious and dangerous compounds sold as CHLORODYNE, from which frequent fatal results have followed.

See leading article, *Pharmaceutical Journal* Aug. 1, 1869, which states that Dr. J. Collis Browne was the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that is always right to use his preparation when Chlorodyne is ordered.

CAUTION.—None genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bott'

Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT.
GREAT RUSSELL STREET,
33 Bloomsbury, London.
Sold in bottles at
1s 1½d, 2s 9d, and 4s 6d.
Agents:
LLEWELYN L. JONES & CO.,
58—Calle Florida—58.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA
Is the greatest remedy for
Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, and Bilious Affections;
It is the Physician's cure for
GOUT, RHEMMATIC GOUT, GRAVEL,
And all other complaints of the bladder.
And as a safe and gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and for the sickness of Pregnancy,
DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA
Is indispensable.

DINNEFORD and CO.,
Chemists,
172 NEW BOND-STREET, LONDON.
N.B. Ask for "DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA."

Agent
RUFFIER MARTELET
56, Ruada Assamblée, Rio de Janeiro.
cj—f 28

LINCOLNSHIRE LONG-WOOLLED SHEEP.

Supplied by Mr. Kirkham. Audleby, Caistor, Lincolnshire, England, on reference to LONDON cj—m28

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGE

Upwards of fifty years' experience has full confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges, in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough-Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies.

Sold in boxes, tins, and bottles.

KEATING'S WORM TABLET,
A purely VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation and is especially adapted for children.

KEATING'S
PERSIAN INSECT
DESTROYING POWDER

The Powder is quite harmless to Animal Life, but is unrivalled in destroying Fleas, Bugs, Cockroaches, Beetles, Mosquitos, and every other species of insect.

TRADE MARK.

Sold in packets, tins, and bottles of various sizes.

☞ The public are particularly requested to observe, that all the above preparations bear the M Trademark, as herein shown.

Sold by all Chemists and Druggists.
oj | 62p, m31h

BEAUTIFUL HAIR

Can only be obtained by the use of Rowland's Macassar Oil. It prevents the Hair falling off or turning grey, strengthens weak hair, causes it to grow on bald places, and makes it beautifully soft, pliable, and glossy. Price 3s. 6d., 7s., 10s. 6d. equal to four small, and 21s. per bottle.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.

Ask for Rowland's Macassar Oil, and avoid all other cheap articles under the same or similar names as spurious imitations. Each Bottle has a "Glass Stopper" in place of the Cork, as formerly. All with the 'Cork' are spurious imitations. This notice is deemed necessary, as the Proprietors have received intimation that a large quantity of Counterfeit, of the most pernicious quality, has lately been sent from France and Germany to India, South America, and the Colonies, under their names.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION

Is obtained by the use of Rowland's Kalydor, which allays all irritation and tenderness of the skin, removes cutaneous disfigurements, freckles, and tan, and imparts a healthy and blooming appearance to the complexion and skin. During the heat and dust of Summer especially, and in cases of Sunburn and Stings of Ins